and if any person shall refuse, or after reasonable and convenient notice shall neglect, to render such account, he shall forseit not exceeding twenty pounds current money for such refusal or neglect; and the affestor shall, on his own knowledge, or the best information he can obtain, value the personal property of such person to the utmost sum he believes in his conscience the same may be worth, and shall certify to the commissioners of the tax the fum so valued, and also the refusal or neglect, and the said commissioners shall double the assessment of such person, and the same shall be collected as the public affessment; and if any person shall give in a partial account of his faid personal property under his care and management, or of the property in his possession, with intent that the payment of the affessiment or rate on any property omitted may be avoided, such person shall forfeit the value of the property so omitted.

XV. And be it enacted. That every affessor shall inform himself, by Duty of affes. all lawful ways and means, of all personal property in his district, (except fors. as before excepted) and shall, immediately on such information, proceed to value such property agreeably to the directions of this act, and shall bring with him, at the time and to the place appointed by the commissioners for his appearance, a certificate in writing of the particulars of all personal property in his district, and of his viluation thereof, in which shall be expressed the number of saves of each description within this act; and the weight of plate; and the value of each of the above species of property; and all the other personal property, and the value thereof; and the amount of the value of the whole personal property of every person in his district; and the amount of the value of all personal property in the district; and shall return with his certificate an alphabetical list of the names of all persons whose property he shall value; and if any affector cannot discover the owner of any personal property in his district, he shall value and mention the same in his return, and note that the owner is unknown.

XVI. And be it enacted, That the following species of personal pro- Valuation of perty shall be valued at the respective sums tollowing, to wit: Every male and female slave from eight to fourteen years of age, twenty pounds current money; and every male flave from fourteen to forty-five years of age, fixty-pounds like money; and every female flive from fourteen to thirty-fix years of age, forty-five pounds like money; male and female flaves under eight years of age, and male flaves above the age of forty-five years, and female flaves above the age of thirty-fix years, to a true proportioned value to male and female slaves above or under those ages; and shall return in their certificate the number of negroes of each person above the said ages, with their valuation; and if any slive shall not be perfect in his limbs or fight, or from the want of health, or any visible infirmity, shall be rendered incapable to perform his usual and proper labour, the affessor shall make a reasonable abatement for such cause, and shall note the same in his return; and silver plate eight shillings and fourpence like money per ounce; and the other articles of perional property shall be left to the discretion and judgment of the several assetsors, who shall estimate the same at its present actual worth in ready money, made current by law. Provided, that the said affessors shall be at liberty, and are hereby directed, to estimate male slaves, who are tradesmen, at such value as they may adjudge them to be worth, regarding their respective trades and their proficiency therein.

XVII. And be it enacted, That no particular valuation or affessment Tonnage on shall take place on vessels, and that in lieu and place thereof, the follow- vessels, &c. ing duties shall be and hereby are imposed, to wit: Two-pence current money per ton on every vessel as she shall measure agreeably to the laws