pany's Works; and that, in consequence of there being no other corporator of the alleged company, the charter, if any ever existed, has become null and void, and the company without any right or capacity whatever to sue or be sued. That the buildings of every description erected on the land claimed by the plaintiffs, were of the meanest kind; being principally constructed of unfinished plank, and deserving more properly the appellation of sheds than houses; that the defendants were incorporated by the acts of 1827, ch. 72, and 1830, ch. 49, under the authority of which laws they had proceeded to lay out the site and route of their rail road over the land of the plaintiffs, towards the town of Westminster; the location of which branch rail road does not, in any manner, interfere with any of the charter rights or privileges of the plaintiffs; and that a location of it in any other way, even if practicable, which they deny, would involve an expenditure of from fifteen to twenty thousand dollars; that, the plaintiffs being unwilling to contract for the sale of their land to the defendants, they caused a warrant to be issued for the purpose of having it condemned to their use, according to the provisions of the acts of Assembly by which they were incorporated; but have been prevented by this injunction from completing their acquisition of a title to it in that way. The defendants further deny, that the construction of their road, as located, will prevent the plaintiffs from carrying on their manufactory; or that it will be attended with any additional hazard to the workmen employed therein; and, that instead of their branch road passing nearly a mile over the land of the plaintiffs, it crosses their land only for a distance of a hundred yards at most. The defendants deny all knowledge of the other matters set forth in the bill.

Upon the suggestion of the defendants and an affidavit of their president, the proceedings were, according to the act of 1824, ch. 196, removed from the county court of Baltimore, and filed in this court on the 16th of September, 1831. After which notice having been given under an order, according to the course of this court, of a motion to dissolve the injunction, it was accordingly brought on for a hearing.

17th October, 1831.—BLAND, Chancellor.—The motion to dissolve the injunction standing ready for hearing, and the solicitors of the parties having been fully heard, the proceedings were read and considered.

It was objected that the depositions which had been taken could