they directed to Thompson; what the Bells should not pay, Thompson, out of the funds received from him, was to pay.

"What Thompson received under this contract from Heyland, was £8889 5s. 4d., and his engagement was to indemnify Heyland from claims by the Bells, or the bill holders, "to an amount equal to the sum which might be paid over to the said Thompson by virtue of said arrangement." We therefore consider, that if it appears, that the Bells paid on account of those acceptances, an amount equal to the sum received by Thompson from Heyland; and if it further appears, that Thompson is liable for, or has paid, on account of his engagements for the Bells, an amount equal to what he has received from Heyland, he has complied with the contract.

"The first appears to be admitted. The sums paid to the bill holders by the Bells, amount to a greater sum. Thompson's account against the Bells shews an amount due to him greatly exceeding the sum paid him by Heyland. The bills of the Whittles and Tucker, (notarial copies of which are admitted,) amount, with damages and costs, to about that sum. These bills Thompson had endorsed and taken up, and the Bells were liable to him on them, and it was for them, it appears, he entered into the liability; to them he had a right to look; and although there is an expression in one of his letters, that he meant first to get the money from the Whittles, if practicable, yet we do not think he was bound by that expression to follow the Whittles with strict legal diligence. There is no evidence to shew, that there has been any such engagement, or such negligence in enforcing it against the Whittles as should absolve the Bells. There are other items in Thompson's account, which we did not understand were objected to.

"Upon the whole, we award and determine, that neither the complainants, the original bill holders, nor the assignees of the Bells, nor those of Marcus Heyland, have any claim upon the funds received by Thompson from Heyland. And that a decree shall therefore be made dismissing their bill; but without costs. 12th February, 1827."

A decree was passed accordingly on the 26th February, 1827.