

charged from imprisonment, and appoint a time when such debtor shall appear before the county court, to answer interrogatories which his creditors may propose to him, on not less than three months notice, as by the said original act is provided, any thing in the said original act, or the supplement thereto, to the contrary notwithstanding; *Provided*, that such discharge from imprisonment shall not operate as a discharge of any of the debts of the said imprisoned debtor; *And provided*, that the said imprisoned debtor, at the time of his discharge, if required by the county court, or any judge thereof, shall enter into a bond, with such penalty and security as the county court, or any judge thereof, shall direct and approve, conditioned for his personal appearance at such time or times as the said court, or any judge thereof, shall direct, to answer the allegations of his creditor or creditors, according to the provisions aforesaid, and if the said debtor shall not enter into bond aforesaid, if required by the county court, or any judge thereof, then such debtor shall remain in confinement until the application, if objected to, shall be decided upon.

Not to operate as a discharge of any other person. Debtor if required to give bond, &c.

4. AND, whereas the said original act requires that any debtor who shall apply for the benefit of the said act, shall produce to the court, or judge, to whom he shall apply, the assent, in writing, of so many of his creditors as have due to them two thirds of the amount of the debts due by such debtor at the time of his application, and in many instances more than one third of the debts due by debtors applying for relief is due to banks or other corporate bodies, or to the estates of persons deceased, or to trustees who represent creditors or others, and the officers having charge of the affairs of such corporate bodies, the executors and administrators of such deceased person, and the trustees before mentioned, although not desirous of preventing the release of such debtor, do not conceive themselves authorised to consent to his release; therefore, **BE IT ENACTED**, That in order to remove all doubts as to the power of such corporate bodies, executors, administrators and trustees, to sign their assent to the release of any insolvent debtor, under the insolvent laws of this state, the said corporate bodies, executors, administrators and trustees, be and they, or any of them, are hereby declared duly authorised to sign their assent to such release of any insolvent debtor, whenever they, or any of them, shall deem the same right and proper.

Corporate bodies, &c. authorised to sign their assent to release of any insolvent debtor.

CHAP. CLI.

An Act for the limitation of Appeals and Writs of Error. Lib. TH. Passed Jan 20 1808
No. 1, fol. 492.

1. **BE IT ENACTED**, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That from and after the passage of this law, no writ of error or appeal shall be prosecuted upon a judgment rendered in the late general court, or upon any judgment or decree which has been or shall be rendered or passed in any county court, after three years shall have elapsed from the time of the rendition or passage of such judgment or decree; *Provided always*, that eighteen calendar months, to be computed from the passage of this act, be allowed to all persons for the prosecution of appeals and writs of error upon any judgment heretofore rendered in the late general court, and upon any judgment or decree heretofore rendered in any county court, which

No writ of error or appeal shall be prosecuted upon a judgment rendered in the late general court, after three years have elapsed from rendition thereof.

Proviso.