CHAP. 72. cellor, upon the petition of the mortgagee or mortgagees, or any person claiming under the mortgage, after summoning the infant, and his appearance by guardian, to be appointed by the chancellor for that purpose, and to answer and defend on the part of such infant, or after the appearance of such person being idiot, lunatic, or non compos mentis, by the trustee or trustees, or committee of such person being idiot, lunatic, or non compos mentis, to be appointed by the chancellor on behalf of such person for the purposes aforesaid, and hearing all parties, and being well satisfied of the execution of the deed of mortgage, and that the sum claimed by the person making such application is justly due, to order and decree a sale of such mortgaged premises, or such part thereof as may be necessary to discharge the debt or debts due on such mortgage, or the chancellor may decree a foreclosure of the whole or such part of the mortgaged premises as may be necessary and sufficient to discharge, pay and satisfy, the debt or debts due upon and secured by such mortgage, in such manner as the chancellor shall judge most proper; but if a part only is foreclosed, and such part shall be esteemed by the mortgagec, or person praying a foreclosure, insufficient to pay the money secured by such mortgage, then a sale thereof shall be made in such manner as the chancellor shall direct, and the money raised by such sale, or so much thereof as is necessary, shall be applied to discharge the debt secured by such mortgage; and if money sufficient to pay the debt secured by the mortgage is not raised by a sale of the part foreclosed and sold as aforesaid, then the chancellor shall decree a sale of such other part of the mortgaged premises as will be sufficient for that

Persons applying, &e to give bond,

2. AND BE IT ENACTED, That in all cases where a foreclosure of any mortgage, or sale of any land, shall be applied for, in which any infeat shall be interested, the person or persons applying for such foreclosure or sale, before any decree of foreclosure or sale is made, shall give bond, with good and sufficient security, approved by the chancellor, to the infant, his heirs, executors and administrators, in such penalty as the chancellor shall direct, with condition, that in case the infant, within one year after arrival to age, shall make appear to the satisfaction of the chancellor, that there was fraud in obtaining the mortgage deed, or that no deed was really executed, or that the debt claimed, or so much as decreed to be paid, was not really due, that then the obligor, his heirs, executors or administrators, will reconvey the mortgaged premises to the infant, in case of decree for foreclosure, or in case of sale, to pay to the infant either the whole or such part of the money raised by such sale as the chancellor shall determine to be just, and also stand to, or abide by, such order and decree as the chancellor shall make in the cause; which bond shall be filed and safely kept by the register in chancery, and also recorded with the decree in the case; and suit may be maintained either upon the original or a copy of the record by the infant, his heirs, executors or administrators, upon breach of the condition, and in such suit the plea of non est factum shall not be received unless verified by the affidavit of the defendant or defendants.

On application. &c chancellor

3. AND BE IT ENACTED, That in all cases of application to the may direct a sale, chancelior to foreclose any mortgage, he shall have full power and authority, in case the party against whom the bill shall be filed