

Ratified and confirmed.

property sold, to be and appear by a certain day, in the said notice to be named, to show cause, if any they have, why said sale should not be ratified and confirmed; and if no cause, or an insufficient cause be shown against the said ratification, the said sale shall, by the order of the said court, be ratified and confirmed, and the purchaser shall have a good title; but if good cause, in the judgment of the said court, be shown in the premises, the said sale shall be set aside, in which case the said collector shall proceed to a new sale of the property, and bring the proceeds into court, out of which the purchaser shall be repaid the purchase money paid by him to the collector on said sale, and all taxes assessed on said real estate and paid by said purchaser since said sale, and all costs and expenses properly incurred in the said court, with interest on all such sums from the time of payment; and if the purchaser has not paid the purchase money or the subsequent taxes, to apply said proceeds to the payment of the taxes for which said real property may have been sold, and all subsequent taxes thereon then in arrears, with interest on the said sums from the time of payment, and the cost of the proceedings; but such sale shall not be set aside if the provisions of law shall appear to have been substantially complied with, and the burden of proof shall be on the exceptant to show the same to be invalid under the law.

Not to be set aside.

Repealed.

SEC. 2. *And be it enacted*, That sections fifty-four, fifty-five, fifty-six, fifty-seven and fifty-nine of the of the same article, be and the same are hereby repealed.

In force.

SEC. 3. *And be it enacted*, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved April 1, 1872.