

ception of the collector's account for 1865, which seems to have been overlooked by the clerk in making up and sending out the account last year. The accounts as embraced in Table No 17 of the same Report (save those for 1868 and 1869, which were not due,) have all been sent out for suit. Also, all the accounts due as per Table No. 18 (with the exception of some in Baltimore city) have been placed in the hands of the State's Attorneys for suit; those in Baltimore city were referred to the State's Attorney of said city, and he was requested to examine the bonds and report if there was any chance to make all or a part of the money due by them; he has not as yet made such report. Table No. 19 embraces a list of incorporated Institutions, from which, with the exceptions noted therein, no taxes have been received. Many of these are still in existence, but the greater portion of them have become extinct.

I am under the impression, if the provisions of chap. 210 of 1868 were extended to embrace incorporated Institutions, a considerable amount might be derived from those referred to, or if found worthless, they could then be stricken from the books of this office. I am also under the impression that a considerable sum could be derived from these companies, had the Comptroller the power to examine into their assets, &c. I am unable to give the reasons of the several State's Attorneys of the State for not ordering executions on the judgments obtained by them, except that their judgment of the State's interest induces them to proceed cautiously (owing to the great scarcity of money in the State) by the lenient and literal measures adopted. I will say, however, in conclusion, that a considerable amount of the arrearages as reported September 30, 1869, have been since paid, and with one or two exceptions, I believe the State's Attorneys are working for the best interest of the State. I am unable to give the reasons why a number of these old claims were permitted to remain so long on the books without any effort to enforce their payment by law.

Respectfully submitted,

LEVIN WOOLFORD,  
*Comptroller of the Treasury.*

Which was read and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Also,

The following communication from the Commissioner of the Land Office:

*To the Honorable F. C. Latrobe,*

*Speaker of the House of Delegates:*

The Commissioner of the Land Office would respectfully represent, that he was appointed Commissioner of the Land