

**HUMAN RESOURCES & ADMINISTRATION**

Anthony V. DeStefano, *Assistant Commissioner*  
(410) 764-4094

Human Resources and Administration is responsible for Data Services, Employee Health, Personnel and Training, and Policy Review and Publications.

**INMATE HEALTH**

Anthony Swetz, Jr., Ph.D., *Assistant Commissioner*  
(410) 764-4083

Inmate Health is responsible for Medical Contract Audits, Medical Contracts, Medical Services, and Social Work and Addiction Services.

**SECURITY OPERATIONS**

William W. Sondervan, *Assistant Commissioner*  
(410) 764-4171

Under Security Operations are Facilities Security, Housing Coordination, the Investigative Unit, the K-9 Unit, and Emergency Preparedness and Inventory Standards.

**MARYLAND RECEPTION, DIAGNOSTIC  
& CLASSIFICATION CENTER**

William O. Filbert, Jr., *Acting Warden*

550 East Madison St.  
Baltimore, MD 21202 (410) 332-0970, ext. 104

The Maryland Reception, Diagnostic and Classification Center began in June 1967 as a reception center in the south wing of the Maryland Penitentiary (Chapter 695, Acts of 1967). At its present location, the Center opened in October 1981. Here, male inmates are diagnostically evaluated, classified, and assigned to an institution of the Division of Correction. A maximum-security facility, the seven-story Center has a rated capacity of 400 inmates (Code 1957, Art. 27, secs. 689(g)-700(a)).

**MARYLAND PENITENTIARY**

Eugene M. Nuth, *Warden*

954 Forrest St.  
Baltimore, MD 21202 (410) 837-2135, ext. 300

The Maryland Penitentiary is the State's only maximum-security prison. It confines male prisoners sentenced to long terms. Authorized in 1804, the Maryland Penitentiary opened in 1811 (Resolution no. 32, Acts of 1804). It is Maryland's oldest State prison.

The major portion of the physical plant was built in 1894. A south wing was completed in 1899. The most recent additions were made in 1956. Then, the old administration building and one of the original cell houses were replaced by a sixty-bed general hospital for men in the correctional system. A maximum-security section to confine prisoners under sentence of death and an execution chamber also were erected in 1956. The method of execution was

changed from lethal gas to lethal injection in 1994 (Chapter 5, Acts of 1994). The State last executed a prisoner in the Maryland Penitentiary on May 17, 1994.

Under the Maryland Penitentiary are the Maryland Correctional Adjustment Center, and the Metropolitan Transitional Services Center.

**MARYLAND CORRECTIONAL ADJUSTMENT CENTER**

Joseph Wilson, *Assistant Warden*

401 East Madison St.  
Baltimore, MD 21202 (410) 539-5445, ext. 220

Under jurisdiction of the Maryland Penitentiary, the Maryland Correctional Adjustment Center opened in 1989. The Center is a maximum-security prison for men. It is located across the street from the Maryland Penitentiary and functions as a satellite of the Penitentiary, housing the most violent criminals. The Center, known as Supermax, is designed to hold 288 prisoners, one to a cell.

**METROPOLITAN TRANSITIONAL SERVICES  
CENTER**

Lehrman W. Dotson, *Administrator*

954 Forrest St.  
Baltimore, MD 21202 (410) 837-2135, ext. 460

Opened in summer 1995, the Metropolitan Transitional Services Center is a 400-bed facility that houses inmates who are training at the Occupational Skills Training Center. Adjacent to the Maryland Penitentiary, the Center helps inmates lead crime-free lives outside of prison.

**ROXBURY CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION**

Ronald F. Moats, *Warden*

P. O. Box 4444, Route 3  
18701 Roxbury Road  
Hagerstown, MD 21746 (301) 797-2250, ext. 300

The Roxbury Correctional Institution is a 721-bed medium-security prison for men. The Institution opened in December 1983.

**MARYLAND CORRECTIONAL  
INSTITUTION—HAGERSTOWN**

Lloyd L. Waters, *Warden*

P. O. Box 2000, Route 3  
18601 Roxbury Road  
Hagerstown, MD 21746 (301) 733-2800, ext. 300

The Maryland Correctional Institution—Hagerstown is a medium-security prison for men. Authorized in 1931 as the Maryland State Penal Farm (Chapter 366, Acts of 1931), it opened, after funding delays, in 1942. In 1945, the Penal Farm was replaced by the Maryland State Reformatory for Males (Chapter 519, Acts of 1945). The Reformatory was re-