lations defining the treatment and disposal needs of the State. These regulations present the Board's findings on what facilities are needed and what conditions might be imposed in a certificate. The regulations inform the public and guide certificate applicants. The Board encourages citizens to participate in the review process and publishes notices of site applications, public informational meetings and hearings, and adjudicatory hearings.

The Board consists of eight members appointed to four-year terms by the Governor. One is a geologist; one is from the scientific community; and two are public members, one of whom has a demonstrated record of involvement in environmental matters. The Maryland Association of Counties, Maryland Municipal League, and Maryland Chamber of Commerce each nominate a member. The Board represents the various geographical regions of the State. No two members may be from the same county. The Governor designates the chairperson (Code Environment Article, secs. 7-401 through 7-413).

TRACKING & TOXICS INVENTORY DIVISION Emily Troyer, Chief (410) 631-3344

The Tracking and Toxics Inventory Division began as the Toxics Information and Operations Center. The Center was reorganized as the Toxics Registries and Analysis Program in 1989, the Toxic Registries Division in 1992, and the Tracking and Toxics Inventory Division in 1993. Under the federal Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act, the Division receives and stores information about the use of toxics by industry. The Division serves as a central repository for this data which Maryland counties use to develop emergency response plans.

The ecological effects of toxics, primarily on the aquatic environment, are assessed by the Division. These assessments are used by the Department and local agencies. In addition, the Division assists the Maryland State Police and the Department of Transportation on commercial vehicle safety and the transport of hazardous materials.

ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE & RESTORATION PROGRAM Robert A. DeMarco, Administrator (410) 333-3437

The Environmental Response and Restoration Program began in January 1989 as the Emergency Response Program. The Emergency Response Program merged in 1992 with four other units: the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) Program from the Waste Management Administration; and the Hazardous Materials Transport Division, Lead-in-Soil Project, and the Lead Poisoning Prevention Project of the Toxics, En-

vironmental Science and Health Administration. From this merger, the Environmental Response and Restoration Program was formed in 1992.

The Program responds on a 24-hour basis to the discharge of hazardous material or oil on land or water (Code Environment Article, sec. 4-406). Federally certified personnel inspect intrastate and interstate transporters of hazardous materials and wastes. The Program also investigates, assesses, and removes environmental and public health threats at hazardous waste disposal sites. In addition, the Program oversees cleanup of State and federal Superfund sites, and enforces Maryland's lead paint regulations and abatement in residential and child care structures.

The Program is assisted by the Advisory Council on Lead Poisoning and has four divisions: Site Assessment; Federal and State Superfund; Emergency Response; and Lead Compliance.

OIL CONTROL PROGRAM Horacio Tablada, *Administrator* (410) 631-3386

The Oil Control Program started in November 1988 as the Industrial Discharge Program and was reorganized under its present name in 1992. The Oil Control Program administers all oil-related regulatory programs within the State.

The Program regulates all aboveground and underground oil storage facilities, oil-contaminated soil facilities, and oil transportation. It trains tank removal personnel and oversees the maintenance, operation, and removal of underground storage tanks.

Program functions are carried out by two divisions: Permits and Technical Support; and Compliance and Remediation.

WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

James L. Hearn, Director Dane S. Bauer, Deputy Director

2500 Broening Highway Baltimore, MD 21224

(410) 631-3567

The Water Management Administration's responsibility to oversee public water supplies first was assigned in 1912 to the Bureau of Sanitary Engineering under the Department of Health. In 1951, the Bureau was reorganized as the Division of Sanitary Engineering under the Bureau of Environmental Hygiene, Department of Health. In 1966, the Division of Water Supply and Sewage Disposal was formed under the Bureau of Resources Protection, Department of Health. When the Department of Health and Mental Hygiene was created in 1969, the Division became the Division of Water and Sewerage under the Environmental Health Administration. By 1977, the Division's