

1816–1819. Charles Ridgely, of Hampton. Federalist. Born in Baltimore County, December 6, 1760, the son of John Carnan and wife Achsah Ridgely. Episcopalian. Married Priscilla Dorsey. Died at Hampton, Baltimore County, July 17, 1829. Buried at Hampton.

1819. Charles Goldsborough. Federalist. Born at Hunting Creek, Dorchester County, July 15, 1765, the son of Charles Goldsborough and wife Anna Maria Tilghman. Episcopalian. Married (1) Elizabeth Goldsborough; (2) Sarah Goldsborough. Died at Shoal Creek, December 13, 1834. Buried in Christ Protestant Episcopal Church Cemetery, Cambridge.

1819–1822. Samuel Sprigg. Democrat. Thought to have been born in Prince George's County about 1783, the son of Joseph Sprigg. Episcopalian. Married Violetta Lansdale. Died at Northampton, Prince George's County, April 21, 1855. Buried in Oak Hill Cemetery, Georgetown, D. C.

1822–1826. Samuel Stevens, Jr. Democrat. Born in Talbot County, July 13, 1778, the son of John Stevens and wife Elizabeth Connoly. Episcopalian. Married Eliza May. Died at Compton, near Trappe, February 7, 1860. Thought to have been buried in the Stevens family cemetery, Talbot County.⁵

1826–1829. Joseph Kent. Democrat. Born in Calvert County, January 14, 1779, the son of Daniel Kent and wife Anne Wheeler. Episcopalian. Resident of Prince George's County when elected. Married (1) Eleanor Lee Wallace; (2) Alice Contee. Died at Rosemount, Prince George's County, November 24, 1837. Buried at Rosemount, Prince George's County.

1829–1830, 1831. Daniel Martin. Anti-Jackson. Born at The Wilderness, Talbot County, in 1780, the son of Nicholas Martin and wife Hannah Oldham. Episcopalian. Married Mary Clare Maccubbin. Died in Talbot County, July 11, 1831. Buried in Spring Hill Cemetery, Easton.

1830–1831. Thomas King Carroll. Jackson Democrat. Born at Kingston Hall, Somerset

County, April 29, 1793, the son of Col. Henry James King Carroll and wife Elizabeth Barnes. Episcopalian. Married Julianna Stevenson. Died in Dorchester County, October 3, 1873. Buried in Old Trinity Church graveyard, Church Creek, Dorchester County.

1831. Daniel Martin. Anti-Jackson. *See above.*⁶

1831–1833. George Howard. Anti-Jackson. Born in Annapolis, November 21, 1789, the son of John Eager Howard and wife Peggy Chew. Resident of Baltimore County when elected. Episcopalian. Married Prudence Gough Ridgely. Died at Waverly, Howard County, August 2, 1846. Buried in Old St. Paul's Cemetery, Baltimore.

1833–1836. James Thomas. Anti-Jackson. Born at De La Brooke Manor, St. Mary's County, March 11, 1785, the son of William Thomas and wife Catherine Boarman. Episcopalian. Married Elizabeth Coates. Died at Deep Falls, St. Mary's County, December 25, 1845. Buried at Deep Falls, St. Mary's County.

1836–1839. Thomas W. Veazey. Whig. Born in Cecil County, January 31, 1774, the son of Edward Veazey and wife Elizabeth DeCoursey. Episcopalian. Married (1) Sarah Worrell; (2) Mary Veazey; (3) Mary Wallace. Died in Cecil County, July 1, 1842. Buried in the family cemetery at Cherry Grove, Cecil County.

Elected by the People for Three Years Under the Constitution of 1776 as Amended in 1837.⁷

1839–1842. William Grason. Democrat. Thought to have been born in Queen Anne's County, March 11, 1788, the son of Richard Grason and wife Ann. Episcopalian. Married Susan Orrick Sulivane. Died in Queen Anne's County, July 2, 1868. Buried near Queenstown, Queen Anne's County.

1842–1845. Francis Thomas. Democrat. Born in Frederick County, February 3, 1799, the son of John Thomas and wife Eleanor McGill. Episcopalian. Married Sally McDowell. Died at

⁵By Chapter 111, Acts of 1823, ratified in 1824, the date for holding the election for governor was changed to the first Monday in January.

⁶Governor Martin died in office on July 11, 1831. George Howard, the first named of the governor's Council, succeeded him. Governor Howard completed Governor Martin's term, which expired in January 1832. He was subsequently elected by the Legislature for a one-year term.

⁷By Chapter 197, Acts of 1836, ratified in 1837, the term of the governor was extended to three years. The same Act also established three gubernatorial districts, the governor to be elected from each in rotation beginning with the Eastern Shore District, and provided for the popular election of the governor.