Public Safety and Correctional Services, who serves ex officio, two executive officials of police agencies, one executive official from a correctional services agency, two elected county officials, the Attorney General of Maryland who serves ex officio, one elected municipal official, one State's Attorney, and one public member all appointed by the Governor for three year terms. The Governor designates the Chairman.

The Board advises the Secretary of the Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services and the Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals on matters pertaining to the development, operation, and maintenance of the Criminal Justice Information System as it relates to the security and privacy of criminal history record information. The Board monitors the System; recommends procedures and methods for the use of criminal history record information for research, evaluation, and statistical analysis of criminal activity; recommends legislation necessary to implement, operate, and maintain the System; and reports annually to the Governor and the General Assembly on the development and operation of the System.

The Secretary of the Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services and the Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals will adopt rules and regulations for the establishment, operation, and maintenance of the System. These rules and regulations will include those governing the collection, reporting, and dissemination of criminal history record information by the courts and all other criminal justice agencies; those necessary to insure the security of the system and all criminal history record information; those governing the dissemination of criminal history record information consistent with Federal law and regulations; those governing procedures for inspecting and challenging criminal history record information; and those governing the auditing of criminal justice agencies to insure that criminal history record information is accurate and complete and is disseminated in accordance with provisions of the legislation.

The System's central repository will be used for the collection, storage, and dissemination of criminal history record informa-

tion. It will be operated by the Maryland State Police.

The Act provided that every criminal justice agency will report criminal history record information to the central repository and set up time requirements for reporting various types of information and reporting methods that may be used. The Secretary of the Department of Public Safety and Correctional Services and the Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals may determine the events to be reported by each criminal justice agency to avoid duplication in reporting.

Regarding the rights of inspection and challenge, a person may inspect criminal history record information maintained by a criminal justice agency concerning him or her. The person may challenge the completeness, contents, accuracy, or dissemination of such information by giving written notice of the challenge to the central repository and the agency where the information was inspected if other than the central repository. The central repository will conduct an audit of that part of the person's criminal history record information necessary to determine the accuracy of the challenge. The central repository will notify the person of the results of its audit within 90 days after receipt of the notice of challenge. If it is determined that the challenge is valid, the central repository will correct its records and notify any criminal justice agency which has custody of the information. If the criminal justice agency has disseminated the information, it will notify the agency or person to whom the information was disseminated.

If the challenge is denied, the central repository will give written notice of the denial to any agency with which a copy of the challenge was filed. A person may not inspect any criminal history record information if the information or any part of it is relevant to a pending criminal proceeding. The Secretary of the Department of Public Safety and the Court of Appeals will adopt appropriate rules and procedures for administrative appeals from decisions by criminal justice agencies denying the right of inspection of or challenges made to criminal history record information. A person ag-