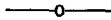


- 1913—John Walter Smith, William P. Jackson, Blair Lee.\*  
 1915—John Walter Smith, Blair Lee.  
 1917—John Walter Smith, Joseph I. France.  
 1919—John Walter Smith, Joseph I. France.  
 1921—Joseph I. France, Ovington E. Weller.  
 1923—Ovington E. Weller, William Cabell Bruce.  
 1925—Ovington E. Weller, William Cabell Bruce.  
 1927—William Cabell Bruce, Millard E. Tydings.  
 1929—Millard E. Tydings, Phillips Lee Goldsborough.  
 1931—Millard E. Tydings, Phillips Lee Goldsborough.  
 1933—Millard E. Tydings, Phillips Lee Goldsborough.  
 1935—Millard E. Tydings, George L. Radcliffe.  
 1937—Millard E. Tydings, George L. Radcliffe.  
 1939—Millard E. Tydings, George L. Radcliffe.  
 1941—Millard E. Tydings, George L. Radcliffe.  
 1943—Millard E. Tydings, George L. Radcliffe.  
 1945—Millard E. Tydings, George L. Radcliffe.  
 1947—Millard E. Tydings, Herbert R. O'Conor.  
 1949—Millard E. Tydings, Herbert R. O'Conor.  
 1951—Herbert R. O'Conor, John Marshall Butler.  
 1953—John Marshall Butler, J. Glenn Beall.  
 1955—John Marshall Butler, J. Glenn Beall.  
 1957—John Marshall Butler, J. Glenn Beall.  
 1959—John Marshall Butler, J. Glenn Beall.  
 1961—John Marshall Butler, J. Glenn Beall.  
 1963—J. Glenn Beall, Daniel B. Brewster.  
 1965—Daniel B. Brewster, Joseph D. Tydings.  
 1967—Daniel B. Brewster (D), 1969, Joseph D. Tydings (D), 1971.

\* Elected on November 4, 1913, to fill vacancy caused by death of Isidor Rayner (in preceding Congress); credentials were presented on December 5, 1913, and referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections, and pending report he did not attempt to qualify; on January 19, 1914, a resolution was reported to the effect that he had been legally elected and was entitled to the seat; on January 28, 1914, the Senate adopted the resolution and he took his seat the same day. This was the first election by popular vote held pursuant to the seventeenth amendment to the Constitution.



### MARYLAND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS

In Maryland Citizens Committee for Fair Congressional Redistricting Inc. v. Tawes, 253 F. Supp. 731 (D. Md. 1966), a special Federal court, composed of two district court judges and one judge of the circuit court of appeals, divided the State into eight new districts, the boundaries of which differ from those fixed by Chapter 371, Acts of 1965. The districts established by the federal court are constituted as follows:

**First District:** Calvert, Caroline, Cecil, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Anne's, St. Mary's, Somerset, Talbot, Wicomico and Worcester Counties and the 5th, 6th, and 7th Councilmanic Districts and precincts 5, 6, and 7 of the 4th Councilmanic District of Anne Arundel County.

**Second District:** The Fourth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth and Fifteenth Districts of Baltimore County and Harford County.

**Third District:** First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Twenty-first, Twenty-second, Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards; the third to nineteenth precincts of the Twenty-fifth Ward, the first to the twenty-fourth precincts of the Twenty-sixth Ward of Baltimore City, and the First, Second, and Third Councilmanic Districts of Anne Arundel County.