man and appoint the Director of the Department and his staff (Code

1957, Art. 66C, secs. 18-21).

The Department conducts three major programs. These respond to the needs of other departments of the Board of Natural Resources and usually require their cooperation. At the Chesapeake Biological Laboratory at Solomons Island, the Department studies the Bay and the organisms in it, particularly fish and shellfish of economic importance. The Inland Resources Division studies game, mammals and birds frosh water fish and formation of the Chesapeake Biological birds, fresh water fish, and forests of the State. The Conservation Education Division helps to educate the public, especially school teachers, about the natural resources of Maryland and their effective conservation. It issues a periodical—the Maryland Tidewater News—

research reports, educational pamphlets, and other printed materials.

A training program at the Chesapeake Biological Laboratory provides summer apprentice training for biology students and courses and participation in workshops for graduate students, teachers, and conservation law appropriate training to the students. servation law enforcement officers. In addition, the Department supports the Maryland Weather Service, a joint Federal-State project, at the Friendship International Airport, and the Chesapeake Bay Institute of The Johns Hopkins University, which conducts special investi-

gations on behalf of the State.

Appropriations	1959	1960
General Funds Special Funds Federal Funds	\$199,556 30,001	\$251,420 82,065 20,252
TotalsStaff: 33.	\$229,557	\$353,737

## WATER POLLUTION CONTROL COMMISSION

Chairman: Maurice Siegal, 1963

Ex officio members: A. L. Penniman, Jr., State Board of Health;
Dr. Harry C. Byrd, Chairman, Board of Natural Resources;
L. Eugene Cronin, Director, Department of Research and
Education; Ernest A. Vaughn, Director, Department of Game
and Inland Fish.

Appointed members: George F. Hazelwood, 1961; Royal H. Čarlock, 1965.

Paul W. McKee, Director

Telephone: Colonial 8-3371

State Office Building, Annapolis

chap. 695).

The Water Pollution Control Commission was created in 1947 upon the recommendation of the temporary Committee on Water Pollution, which had been designated in 1945 to study the problem of water pollution. The Commission consists of seven members, three of whom are appointed by the Governor for six-year terms. The other four members are the Chairman of the Board of Natural Resources, the Director of the Department of Game and Inland Fish, the Director of the Department of Research and Education, and a representative of the State Board of Health. The Chairman, who must be one of the appointed members, is designated by the Governor. By act of the 1959 General Assembly, the Water Pollution Control Commission became a member department of the Board of Natural Resources (Acts 1959,

The Commission makes regulations to prevent the pollution of Marvland streams and waters. It investigates all sources of stream pollution. It may request known polluters to correct the situation, and