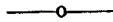


In 1807 the College of Medicine of Maryland was organized; the first class was graduated in 1810. A permanent home was established in 1814-1815 by the erection of the building at Lombard and Greene Streets in Baltimore. Here was founded one of the first medical libraries (and the first medical school library) in the United States. In 1812, the General Assembly of Maryland authorized the College of Medicine of Maryland to "annex or constitute faculties of divinity, law, and arts and sciences," and by the same Act declared that the "colleges or faculties thus united should be constituted an university by the name and under the title of the University of Maryland." By authority of this Act, steps were taken in 1813 to establish a "faculty of law," and in 1823 a regular school of instruction in law was opened. Subsequently there were added: in 1882 a Department of Dentistry which was absorbed in 1923 by the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, founded in 1840; in 1889 a School of Nursing; and in 1904 the Maryland College of Pharmacy.

The Maryland State College was chartered in 1856 under the name of the Maryland Agricultural College. For three years the College was under private management. In 1862 the Congress of the United States passed the Land Grant Act. This Act granted each State and Territory that should claim its benefits a proportionate amount of unclaimed western lands, in place of scrip, the proceeds from the sale of which should apply under certain conditions to the "endowment, support, and maintenance of at least one college where the leading object shall be, without excluding other scientific and classical studies, and including military tactics, to teach such branches of learning as are related to agriculture and the mechanic arts, in such a manner as the Legislatures of the States may respectively prescribe, in order to promote the liberal and practical education of the industrial classes in the several pursuits and professions of life." This grant was accepted by the General Assembly of Maryland, and the Maryland Agricultural College was named as the beneficiary of the grant. In the fall of 1914 control was taken over entirely by the State. In 1916 the General Assembly granted a new charter to the College, and made it the Maryland State College.

In 1920, by an Act of the State Legislature, the University of Maryland was merged with the Maryland State College, and the name of the latter was changed to the University of Maryland.



**UNIVERSITY OF MARYLAND**  
and  
**STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE**

**Publications:** *Cooperative Association Laws of Maryland*, 1946.<sup>1</sup>  
*Comparative Census of Maryland Agriculture by Counties*, 1946.<sup>2</sup>  
*Your Farm Lease*, 1947.<sup>3</sup>  
*Technique for Classifying Farm Land for Tax Purposes*, 1946.<sup>4</sup>  
*Postwar Revenues for Rural Public Services in Maryland*, 1946.<sup>4</sup>  
*Improving Farm Income Tax Reporting*, 1946.<sup>4</sup>  
*Forest Taxation in Maryland*, 1947.<sup>4</sup>  
*Farm Real Estate Trends in Maryland*, 1947.<sup>4</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Extension Bulletin.

<sup>2</sup> Experiment Station.

<sup>3</sup> Miscellaneous Publication.