BOARD OF OSTEOPATHIC EXAMINERS.

319 N. Charles Street.

Name.	Term Expires.	Postoffice.
Examiners:		
E. F. Withers, Pres	1940	Denton
	1940	
LeGrand M. Bennett, S	ec'y1939	
Eunice B. Waugaman	1939	Cumberland
	1939	

Governor appoints five from a full list of members in good standing of the Maryland Osteopathic Association, two for 1 year, two for 2 years, and one for 3 years, and as these terms expire the successor

is appointed for 3 years from the first day of June. (Ch. 786, 1914.)
The Maryland Board of Osteopathic Examiners on receiving aprice Maryland Board of Osteopathy within the State, investigate credentials of said applicant and if they meet the requirements, a license is issued by said Examining Board. Two stated meetings are held each year for the examining of such applicants whose credentials will not warrant the issuing of a license through the previous practice, or Reciprocity Acts. Said Examining Board co-operates with municipal and State officials in enforcing the laws regulating the practice.

STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY.

Name.	Postoffice.	Term Expires.
L. M. Kantner, President	Baltimore	1939
Robert L. Swain, SecyTreas	Baltimore	1940
Harry R. Rudy		
L. V. Johnson		
Lloyd N. Richardson	Bel Air	1943

Address the Secretary, 2411 North Charles Street, Baltimore, Md.

The Governor appoints five, one annually, for a term of five years. Two shall be residents of Baltimore City and three residents of the counties. (Ch. 179, 1902.)

This Board is for the purpose of examining all candidates that might present themselves for an examination as Pharmacists.

The Board keeps a record of all registered Pharmacists and registered Assistant Pharmacists of Martiand.

The members of the State Board of Larmacy and the duly authorized agents and employees of the State Department of Health, have the power to inspect in a lawful manner every prescription compounded or dispensed at any pharmacy of drug store and/or medicines, drugs, drug products or domestic remedies and to fully inspect any pharmacy or other place where medicines or drugs, drug products or domestic remedies are compounded or exposed for sale. Druggists and pharmacists are required to keep in their places of business a suitable book or file in which shall be preserved for a period of not less than five years every prescription compounded or dispensed at said drug store or pharmacy.

The Poisons Law confers many powers and duties upon the Board. Under the Pharmacy Act, the Board is authorized to issue permits to pharmacies and to manufacturers of drugs, medicines, toilet articles, dentifrices, and cosmetics. The Board is required to prescribe the technical and scientific apparatus and equipment which a drug