

5. That upon notice of any Treason, or of any Seminaries, &c. or of any *Agnus Dei*, &c. offered, they discover the same to some of the Privy Council. *Vide tit. Treason.*

6. That they be circumspect in bailing of prisoners, *viz.* that they neither deny it to such as areailable, nor yield it where it is not grantable. *Vide hic Bailment.*

7. If any Felony be committed, and one is brought before the Justice of Peace upon suspicion for the same, though it shall appear to the Justice that the Prisoner is not guilty of that Offence, or that it is not Felony of Death, yet he may not set him at liberty, but so as he may come to his Trial. *Vide antea tit. Felony by the Statute, and Evidence against Felons.*

8. That all Recognizances taken by them be in the Kings name.

9. That all Recognizances taken by them be certified at their next Quarter Sessions, or Gaol-Delivery, according as the case shall require.

10. That they meet at every Easter Sessions at the least. *Vide 5 Eliz. cap. 4. P. Just. 67.* And yet their presence and attendance at every general Sessions is very requisite.

11. That their Examinations taken concerning the miscentring of Plaints in County Courts, or the defaults of gathering the Shire-Amerciaments, be certified into the Exchequer, &c. *Vide antea, tit. Sheriffs.*

12. That such Offences as the Surveyors of High-ways shall present to them, they again present at their next Quarter Sessions. *Vide antea tit. High-ways.*

13. That the Oaths taken by them upon the submission of any Recusant be certified at their next Quarter Sessions. *Vide antea, tit. Recusants.*

14. Also that they do justice, and give remedy to every party grieved in any thing that lieth within their power to hear, determine or execute, and that without respect of persons, and according to the Laws and Statutes of this Realm, *Vide antea cap. 4.*

15. He must suffer the Law to have its course, and not privately stay Proceedings, contrary to the Duty of his Place. *Litch 48.*

16. Where they have Jurisdiction by any Statute which at first was Temporary, they are to consider whether the same be continued or made perpetual, and so be not expired.

Note, that all these former matters are penal to the Justices of Peace if they shall offend in any of them, and therefore it is likely they will be the more careful therein. But there are certain other things principally tending to the publick good, and lately commenced from his Majesty (by the Judges of Assize) to the care of the Justices of Peace; in all which the Justices of Peace are to imploy also their special care and diligence: and they are shortly these ten Articles following.

1. Ale-houses; The abuses there to be reformed, and such as be unlicensed to be suppressed.

2. High ways and Bridges to be amended.

3. Hue and Cry and Fresh sute to be duly made and pursued after Robbers and other Felons.

4. Labourers, *sc.* idle persons meet to serve, to be compelled to go to Service.

5. Poor, their Children to be placed Apprentices; such as are able of Body, to be holden or set to work.

6. Re-