6. Also in case of poysoning, the party poysoned must dye thereof, \$. II.

within a year and a day, after the poylon received.

Also if a man do beat or hurt another, whereof he dyeth, to make it Cor. 301. Murther or other homicide, the party hurt must dye within a year and a Co. 4.42 day next after the hurt done or stroke given. But to have an appeal, it co. 4.44 shall have relation to the death, and not to the stroke, so as the appeal must be brought within the year after the death, and not after the stroke.

§. 12. In elle.

7. Note also; In Murther, or other. Homicide, the party killed must be F.Co. 146. in ese, sc. in rerum natura, and born into the World: For if a man hurtStams, 211 eth a Woman with child, whereby he killeth the Infant in its Mothers c Womb, by our Law (at this day) this is no Felony, neither shall he for- See Exot. feit any thing for such offence: and whether (upon a blow or hurt given it was to a Woman with Child) the Child dye within her Body, or shortly af-death by the Law ter her delivery, it maketh no difference: yet in ancient time it was holden of God. to be Felony; and M. Bratton took it to be homicide, if the blow were Lamb. 229 given postquam puerperim animatum fuerit: But if the Mother of the Child 91. dye within a year and a day after such hurt done to her, and upon that hurt, this is Felony.

So if the Adulterer, &c. counselleth the Woman to murther the Child when it shall be born, and she doth accordingly, the Adulterer is acces-Cary to this Felony, by this his counsel given before the birth, Co. 7.9.

Also if a man killeth a man unknown, yet it is Felony, Abr. d'Ass. 76.

8. Compulsion also is a good excuse in our Law in some cases, as if any mans Arms be drawn by compulsion, and the Weapon in his hand by means thereof doth kill another, this is not Felony in him whose Arms were so drawn; &c. Plo. 19. a.

9. Involuntary ignorance exculeth also with us: so as if an Infant not having Intelligence, or a man of non Sanæ memoriæ, shall kill another, this

is no Felony in them. See hereof bic postea.

10. Intent to do an Felony or Murther, is not punishable by the Common Law of this Realm, until the act be done: But in Treason and in some other particular cases by Statute, the intent may be punished. Doct. & Stud. 132; hic. .:

In cases of Murther or Poisoning, the offenders shall not have the benefit of Clergy, 1 E. 6. c. 12. 23 H. 8. 1. & 26 H. 8. 12.

Note alfo, That by the Law of God no recompence was to be taken for the life of a Murtherer, is who purposely hath committed Murther, but he shall be put to death: for Murther defileth the Land; and the Land cannot be cleanled of the blood that is shed therein (by wilful Murther) but by the blood of him that shed it, Numb. 35. 31, 33'.

§. 13. Pardon.

And by divers old Statutes, no Charter of Pardon ought to be granted 13R.261 to any person in case of Murther or other Homicide, save only where the P. Pardon King may do it by his Oath, that is to fay, where a man killeth another flow.502 in his own defence, or by misfortune. See P. Pardon 1. Also the Statute of 6 Edm. 1. cap. 9. 2 Edw. 3. cap. 2. 4 Edw. 3. cap. 13. & 14 Ed.3.

And by our Law at this day, a Pardon of all Felonies will not discharge See the Murther, except the Pardon be with a Non obstante, &c. or that Murther 13 R. 24.

be expressly mentioned in the Pardon. See Co. 6. 13. b.

Neither will a Pardon of all Felonies discharge a man that is attainted of Felony, except also the Attainder and the execution be pardoned. See 9 E. 4.29. Co. 6. 13. b.