

§. 7.
Process.

Recogni-
fance for-
feited.

certified.

§. 8.
Recogni-
fance re-
moved.

§. 9.
New Sure-
ties.

be called thereupon; and that if the party make default of appearance, the same default may be then and there recorded. See 2 H.7. fol. 17. 2 vols.

If a Man do forfeit his Recognisance (either for default of appearance or for breach of the Peace) the Justices of Peace may not award any Process for the Forfeiture thereof, but must certify the Recognisance with the cause of the Forfeiture, into some one of the King's Courts at Westminster, sc: into the Chancery, Kings Bench or Exchequer.

And note, that the said Recognisance it self, with the Record of such default of Appearance, or other Forfeiture, shall be sent and certified in 3 H.7. to the Chancery, King's Bench, or Exchequer, that from thence Process may go out against the party; and so ought it to be, if it be presented by the Jury or great Enquest, that the party hath forfeited his Recognisance by breach of the Peace, Lamb. 570.

If the Justice of Peace shall not certify such Recognisance (taken for the keeping of the peace) at the next Sessions, the said Statute of 3 H.7. i. limiteth no penalty; and yet see Brook tit. Peace 12. That the Justice shall forfeit 10l. if he do not certify the Recognisance of the peace at the next Sessions; but Mr. Brook there mentioneth the Statute of 3 H.7. c. 3. Which Statute of 3 H.7. c. 3. was only for Bailment of prisoners, and certifying the same, and so seemeth to mistake the Statute. Vide Fitz. 251.

If he which demanded the peace shall release the peace, before the said next Sessions, then it may seem, though the Justice of peace shall not certify the Recognisance, that the Statute is not transgressed or offended; for it hath been holden that the party shall not be called in such case upon his Recognisance. *Tamen quero inde & vide hic postea.* But howsoever, it is better to certify the Recognisance, for peradventure it was forfeited before the Release made. Cromp. 169.

Also, he that demanded this Surety, or he that is bound to the peace, may by a *Cerciorari*, remove such Recognisance into the Chancery or Kings Bench, before the Justice hath certified the same to the Sessions. And so in case the Justice shall not certify the same thither! Fitz. 181. And then the party bound, need not to appear. See *hic postea*. The Form of the Justices return of such *Cerciorari*, and of the Recognisance.

If the Justice of peace were deceived in the sufficiency of the Sureties, the same Justice of peace, or any other Justice of peace, may afterwards compel the party to find and put in other more sufficient Sureties, and may take a new Recognisance for the same; for that the precept is *Ad inveniend. sufficientem securitatem.* But if the Sureties die, the party principal shall not be compelled to find new Sureties. See more *Postea sub hoc tit. & postea tit. Bailment, cap. 114.*

What things shall discharge this Recognisance (of the Peace) or the Party of his Appearance at the Session. CHAP. CXX.

§. 1.
Supersede-
as.

§. 2.
Proclama-
tion.

WHether a Supersedesas out of the Chancery, &c. shall discharge the party of his Appearance. See *antea sub hoc tit. c. 69.* 30 H.6.1
He which is bound to the peace, and to appear at a certain day, he must appear at that day, and record his Appearance, although he who craved the peace, cometh not in to desire that it may be continued, otherwise the Recognisance shall be forfeited. Br. Surey 10. and Dec. 60.

And if a Man be bound to keep the peace towards the King and his people, but not towards any person certain, and to appear at such a Sessions, the Court at that Sessions may make Proclamation, That if any Man can shew