

§. 2. Every person that shall upon such his Pastures, keep or feed above the number of Twenty Oxen, Rounts, Schrubs, Steers, Heifers, or Kine, shall for every Ten of the said Beasts, keep one Milch Cow, and bread, and wain yearly; and keep for a year, one Calf for every two Milch Cows, upon the pains aforesaid, except the Calf shall die, to be Recorded within a year in any the Kings Courts, or before the Justices of the Peace who have Authority to hear and determine it, by Bill, Information, Presentment, Action of Debt, or Detinue. 2 & 3 P. & M. c. 3.

The Act not to extend to Cattle kept to be spent in a Mans house. The said Act is made perpetual by 13 El. 25.

The Act of 2 & 3 P. & M. c. 3. shall extend to Lands fit for Kine inclosed since that Act, or hereafter to be inclosed. 7 Jac. 4.

C H A P. LXX. V. 38.

Peace.

§. 1. Every Justice of Peace hath Authority and power given him (by the first *Assignavimus*, or Clause in the Commission), to keep and cause to be kept the Kings Majesties Peace; by force of which words, they have as well the ancient power touching the keeping of the Peace, which the ancient Conservators of Peace had by the Common Law; as also all authority which the Statutes since have added thereto: And so they may cause to be kept all the Statutes and Laws now in force, which have been made for the Peace, or keeping thereof; and more especially they may arrest, or cause to be arrested and sent to the Gaol, All Murderers, Robbers, and Felons, and all persons suspected of such things. Lamb. 46.

§. 2. They may also suppress, and bind to the Peace, or Good Behaviour, all Affrayors, and all persons unlawfully and riotously assembled, or unlawfully wearing Armor; or any Weapons, by night or by day, or otherwise putting the people in fear, and all unlawful Night-walkers, and the like. All which may be well said to be disturbances or breaches of the Peace. See more for these under their particular titles.

§. 3. If any Affray, Forcible Entry, or other thing in disturbance of the Peace, be made or committed in the presence, or within the view of a Justice of Peace, he hath power to record it, and to certifie the same; and also to commit the parties to Ward, presently upon the fact done. But if there be any mean space, or time, then he cannot commit them to Ward, but he may record the same, and may (at any time after) make his warrant to take them, and bind them with Sureties, to their Good Behaviour and for want of Sureties may send them to the Gaol. *Cro. 41. per. Curiam.*

§. 4. If the Justice of Peace shall certifie unto the Kings Bench, that *I. S.* hath broken the Peace in his presence, upon this Certificate *I. S.* shall be there fined, without allowing him any traverse thereto, *Marr. Lect. 3. Cromp. 131.* What Breach of the Peace is, see more here.

C H A P. LXXI.

Petitions.

§. 1.
Petitions
to redress
Grievances

NO person shall sollicite, labor, or procure the getting of hands, or other consent of persons above twenty or more, to any Petition, Complaint, Remonstrance, Declaration, or Address to the King, or both or either Houses of Parliament, for alteration of Matters established 13 Car. 2. c. 5.