The Justice of Peace that shall take the Examination of an Offender for unlawful Hunting in Parks, &c. as aforesaid, may after such Examination bind the Offender to his Good Behaviour (as it seemeth) to the end he may be forth coming, till the Offence and Residue of the Offenders be sully examined: Otherwise, if it shall after appear, that the Offender hath concealed any thing whereby the Offence becometh Felony, then the Offender perhaps will not be found.

Also all such unlawful Hunting, if it be by three or more, will prove a 1 Jaccan.

Riot

Whosoever shall have or keep any Grey-hound or Setting-dog, (not hadrey-hound ving sufficient living according to this Statute;) or shall trace or course any Hare in the Snow, or otherwise destroy, kill, or take any Hare; the said Offences being proved, &c. before two Justices of Peace, the said Offenders shall be by them committed to the Gaol, &c. Vide tit. Partridges more sully hereof.

And yet Hunting and Hawking, and such other Pastimes, every man Co.11.86, may use them upon his own Lands at his pleasure, so far as they be not 87. restrained by Act of Parliament. But no man may make a Park or Warren within his own Ground, without the King's Grant or Licence; and therefore such a Park or Warren (made without Licence) seems not to be within the Statute of 1 H.7.7. See Br. Warren 1. 2 Co. Li.233.

What a Park is, and the difference between a Park, a Forest, and a Chase, and what be Beasts or Fowls of Park, Chase, and Warren. Vide

Co.L.233.

There be divers other Statutes made against Hunting,&c. which be very penal, but not to be dealt withal by Justices of Peace, except at their General Sessions. See more of them hic postea, tit. Bailment, & Stat. 3. Jac. Regis, hic antea, tit. Guns.

If any shall hunt, destroy, and kill a Hare in the Snow, and being thereof convicted, shall forfeit Six shillings Eight pence for every one. 14 H.

8. 10

5.6.

If any person or persons shall unlawfully course, kill, hunt, or take away 19 Car. 2. any Red or Fallow Deer in any Forest, Chase, Purlien, Wood, Park, or other ground where Deer are, or usually have been kept within England or Wales, without the consent of the Owner, or party chiefly trusted with the custody thereof, or be aiding or assisting therein, and shall be convicted thereof by Consession of the Party, or Oath of one or more credible Witnesses, before one or more Justices of the Peace, being prosecuted within six Months after the Offence done; shall forfeit for every such Offence Twenty pounds to be levied by Distress upon the Goods and Chattels of such Offenders; one Moiety to the Informer, the other to the Owner of the Deer: And for want of Distress, the Offender to be committed to the House of Correction for six Months, and there put to hard labour, or to the Common Gaol for one whole year, at the discretion of the Justices before whom the Conviction shall be, and not be discharged from thence until sufficient Sureties be given for the Good Behaviour, for one whole year next ensuing, after his or their enlargement. Provided, no Offender punished by this Act shall incur any penalty of any other Law for the same Offence.

One Justice of Peace, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, may Anthorize any Game-keeper (which any Lord of a Mannor, of the degree of an Esquire, may appoint under his Hand and Seal) or any other person or persons, to search in the day time the Houses, Out-houses, and other places of persons thereby prohibited, as upon good ground shall

§. 7 Search.