

GOVERNOR'S MILITARY STAFF.

The Military Staff of the Governor is provided for in Section 8, Article 65, Bagby's Annotated Code of Maryland (Chapter 490, General Assembly of Maryland, January session, 1922), as follows:

"The staff of the Governor shall consist of the Adjutant General and not more than ten aides. The Adjutant General shall be appointed by the Governor. He shall have the grade of Brigadier General and his salary shall be as stated in the annual budget.

"The aides shall be selected by the Governor from the commissioned officers of the National Guard and National Guard Reserve, each of them may receive a commission as aide, which, however, shall not add to the actual grade of the officer so appointed, nor shall such officer be relieved from duty with his proper organization, but shall perform all duty pertaining thereto except when actually on duty as aide under the orders of the Governor."

PAROLE COMMISSIONER.

Morris Building, Charles and Saratoga Streets, Baltimore.

Gaylord Lee Clark.....	1935.....	Stevenson
Secretary:		
John G. Eggen.....		Baltimore
Chief Parole Officer:		
Roy E. Smith.....		Baltimore
Parole Officers:		
James A. Cavanaugh.....		Baltimore
Thomas P. MacCarthy.....		Baltimore
Stenographers:		
Miss Freda Winterling.....		Baltimore
Miss Eleanor G. Twining.....		Baltimore

The Governor, with the consent of the Senate, appoints one who shall not be less than 30 years of age and a resident and registered voter of the State for at least four years prior to his appointment.

Term of two years from first Monday in May next ensuing his appointment, Ch. 29, Acts 1922 (Maryland Code 1924, Article 41, Sections 46-56).

The duties of the Commissioner are to investigate all applications for pardon and parole, and to report the result of any favorable consideration to the Governor; and, generally, to advise the Governor of his findings. The Commissioner must take under his supervision for such time, as the Governor may direct, the inmates of any penal institution of the State, who may be paroled by the Governor, and keep records showing the life and conduct of the said paroled prisoners during that time, reporting to the Governor the violation of any of the terms of their parole.

In pursuing his investigations, the Commissioner has power to summons witnesses and to examine them on their oath when necessary.

The Commissioner and the Parole Officers appointed by him have the power to arrest, without warrant, violators of those pardoned or paroled by the Governor within the State.

The Commissioner has visitorial powers over every institution to which prisoners, whether adults or minors, are committed that receive aid from the State, city or private sources.