shall appoint; and on such answer being filed, such proceedings shall be had as would or might have been had in case such answer had been filed before the passage of such interlocutory order or decree, but the court shall impose such terms on the defendant as the condition of permitting such answer to be filed as such court may, in its discretion under all the circumstances of the case, judge reasonable and proper for avoiding delay or expense, and for the attainment of justice; and the filing of such answer shall in no case affect the validity of any commission previously issued to take testimony, or of the proceedings, or any of them, under such commission, or of any testimony previously taken and returned under any such commission.

118. The court may, for the purpose of executing a decree, or to compel the defendant to perform and fulfil the same, issue attachment of contempt, attachment with proclamations and sequestration against the defendant, and may order an immediate sequestration of the real and personal estate and effects of the defendant, or such parts thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the decree and clear the contempts, or may issue a fieri facias against the lands and tenements, goods and chattels of the defendant, to satisfy the said decree, or may issue an attachment by way of execution against the lands, tenements, goods, chattels and credits of the defendant, to satisfy the said decree, or the court may cause, by injunction, the possession of the estate and effects whereof the possession or a sale is decreed, to be delivered to the plaintiff, or otherwise, according to the tenor and import of such decree, and as the nature of the case may require; and in case of sequestration, the court shall order payment and satisfaction to be made out of the estate and effects so sequestrated, according to the true intent and meaning of the decree; and in case any defendant shall be arrested and brought into court upon any process of contempt issued to compel the performance of any decree, the court may, upon motion, order such defendant to stand committed, or may order his estate and effects to be sequestrated, and payment made as above directed, or possession of his estate and effects to be delivered, by injunction as above directed, until such decree or order shall be fully performed and executed, according to the tenor and true meaning thereof, and the contempt cleared; but where the decree only directs the payment of money, no defendant shall be imprisoned, and process of commission of rebellion and sergeant-at-arms are abolished.