

debt at the time the transfer should have been made, or at any time afterwards.

43. Any person whom the court may appoint to make any transfer, shall be entitled to the sum of one dollar, to be paid by the purchaser and recovered by him from the person who ought to have made the transfer.

#### SUMMONING JURORS.

44. If the sheriff shall fail to summon a jury as required by law, to attend the courts of this State, such failure shall be deemed a contempt of court, and he shall be punished for such contempt by the court, by fine or imprisonment, the fine not to exceed five hundred dollars, or the imprisonment twenty days.

45. He shall not permit any deputy to summon any person as a juror without his direction in writing, specifying the name of the person to be summoned.

#### COLLECTION OF OFFICERS' FEES.

46. The sheriff shall collect all fees due to the following officers which may be placed in his hands for collection, between the first day of January and the first day of May, in each year, namely: Attorneys, Clerks of all the Courts, Commissioner of the Land Office, Coroners, Criers, Register of Wills, Surveyors and Sheriffs.

47. He may distrain, or execute the goods and chattels of any person, against whom any fees are placed in his hands for collection; *Provided*, he has sixty days previously delivered to such person, or left at his place of abode, an account of such fees.

48. If he shall be informed by the affidavit of any one taken before a justice of the peace, that a person against whom he has fees to collect has absconded, or is about to do so, the sheriff may distrain or execute immediately, without previously having delivered an account of fees; *Provided*, that if any such absconding debtor will give the sheriff good and sufficient security for the payment of such officers' fees within sixty days, the sheriff shall not sell his goods or chattels.