

14. No sheriff or other officer shall levy, by way of execution against the garnishee, more than the plaintiff's debt and costs, nor more than what the said plaintiff shall make appear to be the value of the property and credits attached in the hands of such garnishee, together with such costs only as the garnishee shall put the plaintiff to by denying himself to be indebted to the defendant and contesting the same.

15. The garnishee in every attachment issued in pursuance of the preceding sections may plead in behalf of the defendant any plea or pleas which the defendant might or could plead if the summons had been served upon him and he had appeared.

16. In all cases of attachment, whether upon warrant, judgment or decree, the plaintiff may exhibit interrogatories in writing to the garnishee, who shall by rule of court answer each and every of said interrogatories touching or concerning the property of the defendant in his possession or charge, or by him due or owing at the time of serving such attachment, or at any other time; and if such garnishee shall neglect or refuse so to do, the court is hereby directed to adjudge that such garnishee hath in his possession property of the defendant, or is indebted to such defendant to an amount and value sufficient to pay the debt, damage and interest of said plaintiff and costs, and execution shall issue as in other cases of condemnation in the hands of garnishees.

17. In all attachments, the garnishee may appear in court on the return day of such attachment, or within four days thereafter, and confess the amount of goods, chattels, or credits in his hands; and if the plaintiff will not take judgment of condemnation for the amount so acknowledged, but shall claim a larger sum, then the garnishee shall be allowed the costs of suit, unless on a final decision the plaintiff shall recover a larger amount than the garnishee acknowledged as aforesaid.

18. Any plaintiff in an attachment, may have the same laid upon debts due the defendant upon judgments or decrees rendered or passed by any of the courts of law or equity in this State, and may have judgment of condemnation thereof as upon any other debts due said defendant; but an execution may, on application of any party to the court rendering such judgment or decree, be issued for enforcing the payment thereof, notwith-