

<p>To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries ;</p>	<p>Promote arts and sciences.</p>
<p>To constitute tribunals inferior to the supreme court ;</p>	<p>Inferior courts.</p>
<p>To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas and offences against the law of nations ;</p>	<p>Piracies, &amp;c</p>
<p>To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land or water ;</p>	<p>Declare war and make captures.</p>
<p>To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years ;</p>	<p>Raise armies.</p>
<p>To provide and maintain a navy ;</p>	<p>Navy.</p>
<p>To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces ;</p>	<p>Rules and articles of war.</p>
<p>To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions ;</p>	<p>Call out militia.</p>
<p>To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the states respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by congress ;</p>	<p>Organize and govern militia.</p>
<p>To exercise exclusive legislation in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may, by cession of particular states, and the acceptance of congress, become the seat of the government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the state in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock yards, and other needful buildings ; and</p>	<p>Exclusive legislation over seat of government</p>
<p>To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or office thereof.</p>	<p>And over forts, arsenals, docks, &amp;c.</p>
<p>SEC. 9. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the states now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the congress prior to the year eighteen hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.</p>	<p>To make general laws to carry powers into effect.</p>
<p>The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.</p>	<p>Importation of slaves allowed till 1808.</p>
<p>No bill of attainder or ex post facto law shall be passed.</p>	<p>Habeas corpus.</p>
<p>No capitation, or other direct tax, shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration herein before directed to be taken.</p>	<p>Attainder and ex post facto laws. Direct taxes.</p>
<p>No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any state.</p>	<p>No exportation duty.</p>