

PUBLIC GENERAL LAW.

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Not to be allowed on judgment rendered against a constable for money collected by him as such—1820, ch. 185, sec. 2, 741

Erroneous entries of them by certain justices of the peace, made valid—1825, ch. 233, sec. 1, 870

Form of the entry to be hereafter used—1825, ch. 223, sec. 2, 870

Where any judgment or decree has been or may be superseded by way of confession of judgment, and such confession of judgment may not be in the precise form required by law, the same shall be valid, if the form prescribed by law has been substantially complied with—1826, ch. 194, 880

The time of entering into any such confession of judgment shall be computed, if otherwise expressed, six months from the time of entering into it—1826, ch. 194, sec. 2, 880

To be a lien on the real estate of the persons named therein, from the day it is filed with the clerk—1826, ch. 194, sec. 3, 880

The lien created by any judgment rendered against the principal, not to be defeated by his entering into a confession of judgment by way of supersedeas—1826, ch. 194, sec. 4, 880

Judgments or decrees rendered in courts, superseded by way of confession of judgment, may be appealed from, or writ of error sued thereon—1826, ch. 200, 884

See *Appeals*.

Stay of execution, under supersedeas, upon judgments of justices of the peace, to be computed from the date of the rendition of the judgment—1834, ch. 126, sec. 1, 1137

In all cases of judgments in the county court at the second term, stay of execution, under supersedeas, to be computed from the first Thursday of the term next ensuing such second term—1834, ch. 126, sec. 2, 1137

Stoves hired or rented, exempted from execution—1834, ch. 180, 1140

Such judgments* may be superseded, &c. as in cases of judgments rendered by justices of the peace, a fair copy of the supersedeas, to be filed with the chief justice within ten days, &c. and to be recorded in the judgment docket, upon which execution may issue, &c.—1835, ch. 201, sec. 11, 1204

No plaintiff in any supersedeas, taken by any justice of the peace, shall be entitled to have execution against any security after the expiration of four years, from the date thereof, &c.—1835, ch. 201, sec. 12, 1204

STOCKHOLDERS.

Whenever five or more stockholders of any private corporation, shall give notice to the principal officer at least thirty days prior to the election, of their intention to canvass the votes which may be given, it shall be the duty of such officer to give notice to all the stockholders in the state—1836, ch. 264, sec. 1, 1241

Oath required to be taken by every stockholder offering to vote—1836, ch. 264, sec. 1, 1242

* Magistrates' court.