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felony in any other of the United States, when he may be delivered on the demand of the executive authority thereof—1809, ch. 125, sec. 5,	570
If the chancellor, judge, &c. in vacation, shall on view of the copy of the warrant, or on affidavit of its being denied, refuse any writ of habeas corpus as by the act required, they shall be severally liable to the action of the party grieved—1809, ch. 125, sec. 6,	570
Where on an application to the county court or court of chancery, &c. for a writ of habeas corpus, by or on behalf of any person detained in confinement within their respective jurisdictions, it shall be made appear that there are strong grounds for believing that the person charged with confining the person making application, is about to remove the person so confined, from the place where he is then confined, for the purpose of evading any writ of habeas corpus, or that the person, &c. would not obey such writ if served on him in the usual manner, &c. it shall be lawful for the court, chancellor, &c. to issue the writ in the usual form, and to insert in such writ, a clause commanding the sheriff to serve the said writ on the person to whom it is directed, and to cause the said person immediately to appear before the court, chancellor, &c. together with the person confined, for the purpose of complying with the command in the said writ—1819, ch. 137, sec. 1,	714
It shall be the duty of the sheriff on receipt of such writ, to carry the person to whom the writ is directed, together with the person confined, before the court, chancellor, &c. who shall inquire into the subject matter—1819, ch. 137, sec. 1,	714
The same proceedings to be had thereon as is directed by the act of November session, 1809, ch. 125, and the act of 1813, ch. 175—1819, ch. 137, sec. 1,	714
On neglect or refusal by the sheriff, to whom such writ is directed, to proceed to execute the same, as herein before directed, he shall forfeit, on conviction, the sum of \$500, to be paid to the person in whose behalf such writ is issued—1819, ch. 137, sec. 2,	714
In case such person shall not prosecute for the same, within six months after such neglect or refusal, then one-half to go to the state, and the other half to the person who shall prosecute for the same—1819, ch. 137, sec. 2,	714
Either of the judges of Baltimore city court, may issue writs of habeas corpus, and determine the questions arising thereon—1826, ch. 223, sec. 2.—See <i>Local Law</i> .	

HABERE POSSESSIONEM.

See SHERIFF.

HALF BLOOD.

Relations of the whole blood shall be preferred to those of the half blood in equal degree, and relations of the half blood shall be preferred to relations of the whole blood in a remoter degree—1796, ch. 101, sub ch. 5, sec. 16, 385