

All acknowledgments of deeds thereafter made for the conveyance of land, before any chief justice of a district, within his district, or any associate justice within his county, declared to be as good and valid in law as if made before any judge of the general court, or two justices of the peace—1801, ch. 74, sec. 5, . . . . .	459
Each of the judges shall out of court, have, use and exercise, all and singular the power, jurisdiction and authority, that might or could have been done by any judge of the late general court, of the former court of appeals, or by any chief justice of a district court—1805, ch. 65, sec. 13, . . . . .	503
Conveyances to be made by the chancellor to purchasers of confiscated property—1802, ch. 100, sec. 11, p. 470; 1814, ch. 103, . . . . .	628
Extracts of deeds that were by law transmitted to the late general court, to be transmitted to the clerks of the court of appeals, and recorded, &c.—1805, ch. 65, sec. 20, . . . . .	504
The county clerks to include in all extracts of deeds where part of a tract of land is conveyed, the courses of the land expressed in the conveyance—1806, ch. 90, sec. 7, . . . . .	546
Copies to be valid, &c. as those from the general court—1805, ch. 65, sec. 20, . . . . .	504
All deeds for land, &c. executed or acknowledged since the 30th of November, 1805, or that should be before the 1st of March, 1806, before any judge of the general court, chief justice, or one or more associate justices, to have the same effect as if the court had not been abolished—1805, ch. 65, sec. 37, . . . . .	506
Conveyances to be made by the chancellor for confiscated property—1805, ch. 93, p. 513; ch. 99, . . . . .	527
All deeds heretofore made for conveying or passing any estate of inheritance or freehold, or declaring or limiting any use or trust, or conveying any estates for above seven years, and all acknowledgments of a release or relinquishment of a right of dower of lands, &c. by feme coverts, in which the precise form prescribed by law has not been observed, declared valid, as if in the precise form, &c.—1807, ch. 52, sec. 2, . . . . .	549
Provided it shall appear by such acknowledgment that the same was made willingly, and out of the presence or hearing of her husband, or words to that effect—1807, ch. 52, sec. 2, . . . . .	549
A similar provision as to deeds heretofore made and acknowledged by power of attorney, in which the acknowledgment is made by the attorney in his own name—1807, ch. 52, sec. 2, . . . . .	549
Same as to deeds heretofore made and acknowledged before two justices of the peace, as if made before a judge—1807, ch. 52, sec. 2, . . . . .	549
Same as to deeds of bargain and sale heretofore made and not indented, as if they had been duly indented—1807, ch. 52, sec. 2, . . . . .	549
Provided that in every other respect the said deeds have been executed, acknowledged and recorded, agreeably to the laws—1807, ch. 52, sec. 2, . . . . .	549
Any two justices of the peace within their own county, shall have the same power and authority to take the acknowledgments of deeds	