

terested therein, on affidavits before such court; and said court shall have the same power in the premises as they now have over sales made by trustees of their own creation, or in the distribution of moneys in the hands of such trustees.

SEC. 6. *And be it enacted,* That the purchaser of any estate or interest in lands or tenements, by virtue of this act, on the affirmance of the sale to him, shall be entitled to sue forth, out of Baltimore county court, a writ of possession against the mortgagor of such lands, his heirs, executors, administrators or assigns, provided the same shall be in his or their possession, directed to the sheriff of Baltimore county, commanding him to put such purchaser into possession of such mortgaged property, which shall be executed by such sheriff in the same manner as other writs of possession.

SEC. 7. *And be it enacted,* That all purchasers in virtue of this act shall be entitled to the same rights and remedies against the tenants of the mortgagor, as the said mortgagor might or could have maintained, and that the said tenants shall have the same rights and remedies against the said purchaser or purchasers, as they would have had against the mortgagor or mortgagors.

SEC. 8. *And be it enacted,* That no injunction shall be granted to stay any sale, or any proceedings after any sale, authorized by this act, unless the party praying such injunction shall be also a party to the deed of mortgage in virtue or pursuance of which the property, interest or estate, sold or offered for sale, shall have been mortgaged, or shall claim under such party a right, title or interest, in or to such mortgaged premises, derived and accruing after the time of recording such mortgage deed; nor unless such party shall, on oath, or affirmation, allege, that the mortgage debt, and all interest due thereon, has been fully paid, or that some part of such debt or interest, the amount of which he shall state, has been paid, and that the mortgagee, or person acting under him or her, refuses to give or allow credit for such amount, or that some fraud, which shall be particularly stated in the bill or petition for injunction, was used by such mortgagee, or with his knowledge, in obtaining the deed of mortgage; and if any such injunction shall be granted, the chancellor, or any judge, granting the same, or any judge of Baltimore county court, shall have full power, on proof of ten days notice to the complainant or complainants, to hear and decide on a motion to dissolve such injunction, and to order the bill, or any other papers upon which such injunction shall be granted, where-soever the same may be filed, to be produced before him for that purpose, any thing in any law or rule of court to the contrary notwithstanding; and on hearing any motion to dissolve an injunction so granted, if the chancellor or judge shall be satisfied, that the same was obtained through misrepresentation, and for delay, he shall decree that the party, who so obtained the same, shall pay