

" And if they find that orphans are not main-
 " tained and educated according to their estates, or
 " or apprentices neglected to be taught their
 " trades, upon pretence that the last year is
 " enough to learn their trade, that they re-
 " move them to other guardians and masters.
 " And in case the jury find that any appren-
 " tice is not taught his trade, but put to other
 " labour as aforesaid, the county court shall
 " condemn the master of such apprentice to
 " make the apprentice such satisfaction, as in
 " justice his year of labour, or other work,
 " shall deserve."

Guardians are also liable to give new and
 better security; whether such guardian be cho-
 sen by the orphan, or appointed by the court.
 1752. chap. 3.

For other matters, any ways relating to guar-
 dians, see acts of assembly, 1715. chap. 39.
 1729. chap. 24. 1752. chap. 3. and 1758. chap.
 4. and 1763. chap. 24.

A person who enters wrongfully into the
 land of an infant, may be charged as a tres-
 passer, and thus become liable to make repara-
 tion in damages; or he may be charged as
 guardian, or trustee, and called to account for
 the profits. 1 Vern. 295.—2 Vern. 224.