

charge such fees as are now, or may be hereafter fixed by Law. He shall make a semi-annual report of all the fees of his office, both as Commissioner of the Land Office, and as Keeper of the Chancery Records, to the Comptroller of the Treasury, and shall pay the same semi-annually into the Treasury.”

Representative of sections of other state constitutions that include provisions for preserving artifacts is Section 48 of Article III of the Constitution of Missouri:

#### CIVIL SERVICE PROVISIONS IN STATE CONSTITUTIONS<sup>1</sup>

Most state constitutions that include provisions for a civil service system follow two patterns:

1. A statement that civil service is to be the merit system—appointment and advancement by competitive examination with preference given to disabled veterans and to veterans.
2. Creation of a civil service commission, usually specifying the number of commissioners and their terms of office.

Few states go beyond the foregoing provisions. Louisiana is one of them. Its constitution states in considerable detail (about forty printed pages) how selection for jobs is to be made, which jobs are included under civil service, and many other administrative details.

Michigan is another. Its constitution is much more explicit about how the

<sup>1</sup> This note was prepared for the Commission by David L. Silberg, research assistant to the Constitutional Convention Commission and student at the University of Maryland School of Law; B.B.A., 1963, and M.B.A., 1964, University of Michigan.

“Historical memorials and monuments—acquisition of property.—The general assembly may enact laws and make appropriations to preserve and perpetuate memorials of the history of the state by parks, buildings, monuments, statues, paintings, documents of historical value or by other means, and to preserve places of historic or archaeological interest or scenic beauty, and for such purposes private property or the use thereof may be acquired by gift, purchase, or eminent domain or be subjected to reasonable regulation or control.”

system is to be administered. Most provisions, however, concern administrative procedures that the commissioners are to follow.

Included is a list of states which provide for civil service procedures in their constitutions, and examples of civil service provisions found in some of them.

#### STATES THAT HAVE CIVIL SERVICE PROVISIONS IN THEIR CONSTITUTIONS

ALABAMA—Amendment LXXXVIII

ALASKA—Article XII, Section 6

CALIFORNIA—Article XXIV

COLORADO—Article XII, Section 13

FLORIDA—Article XVI, Section 34

GEORGIA—Article XIV, Section 1-1

HAWAII—Article XIV, Section 1

KANSAS—Article XV, Section 2

LOUISIANA—Article XIV, Section 15

MICHIGAN—Article XI, Section 5, 6

MISSOURI—Article IV, Section 19

NEW JERSEY—Article VII, Section 1

NEW YORK—Article V, Section 6

OHIO—Article XV, Section 10

TEXAS—Article XVI, Section 30b

*Florida, Article XVI, Section 34:* Civil Service System and Boards. The legislature may by general, special, or local laws create civil service systems and