

GENERAL PROVISIONS

State	Date of Adoption	Separate Article	In Declaration Of Rights	Under Governor
MONTANA	1889	Art. II, Military Reservations—Federal; Art. XIV, §§ 1-5 Military Affairs; composition of militia, (males, 18-45) organization, appropriation for, safekeeping of records.		Governor is commander-in-chief.
NEBRASKA	1875	Art. XIV; legislature shall determine who shall constitute the militia and provide for organization.		Governor is commander-in-chief.
NEVADA	1864	Art. XII, §§ 1-2; legislature to provide for organization, encouraging volunteer corps, and safekeeping of arms; governor shall have power to call out militia.		Governor is commander-in-chief.
NEW HAMPSHIRE	1784		Conscientiously scrupulous are not compelled to bear arms.	Governor is commander-in-chief; Art. 51 (very literary); cannot send them out of state.
NEW JERSEY	1947			Governor is commander-in-chief; Art. V, par. 12.
NEW MEXICO	1912	Art. XVIII, §§ 1-2; National Guard (18-45); governor is commander-in-chief; legislature provides for organization, discipline and equipment.		
NEW YORK	1895	Art. XII, §§ 1-6; State Militia (18-45); legislature organizes and provides for enlistment; governor is commander-in-chief; governor appoints adjutant general; nominates with consent of Senate all major generals.		
NORTH CAROLINA	1868	Art. XII, §§ 1-4; able-bodied males 21-40; religious scruples exempt them; legislature is organizer; governor is commander-in-chief.		