| | Date of | | In Declaration | Under |
|---------------|---------|---|-------------------|--|
| State | tion | Separate Article | Of Rights | Governor |
| Louisiana | 1921 | Art. XVII, §§ 1-4; legislature provides for organization, conforming to U.S. Army and Navy; governor is command-er-in-chief; adjutant general appointed by governor with consent of Senate; provides for safekeeping of records. | | |
| Maine | 1820 | Art. VII §§ 1-5; males 18-45 except Quakers, Shakers, Supreme Court justices, ministers; all officers commissioned by governor; legislature prescribes qualifications; adjutant general appointed by governor; organization same as prescribed by federal laws. | | Governor is commander- in-chief. |
| Massachusetts | 1780 | | | Governor for time being, shall be com- mander-in- chief; has power to train Army, Navy, etc.; cannot order them out of state for de- |
| | | | | fense of state that they can- not otherwise have access to. |
| Michigan | 1964 | Art. III General Government, § 4; organized, equipped and disciplined as provided by law. | | Governor is commander-in-chief. |
| Minnesota | 1857 | Art. XII; duty of legislature to pass necessary laws for. | | Governor is commander-in-chief. |
| Mississippi | 1890 | Art. IX, §§ 214-222; nine sections on composition, organization, officers, financial support of; governor is commander-in-chief; counties must support military companies within their borders. | | |
| Missouri | 1945 | | | Governor is commander-in-chief. |