

PART II—COURT OF APPEALS (Continued)

	1865	1867	1864	1851	1776
§ 14	Generally: (Continued)				
	<i>Sessions:</i> (Continued)				
	<i>Quorum:</i> 5 of 7, but court may determine that more than 5 should sit for case.	4 of 8 (§ 15).	3 of 5 (§ 20).	3 of 4 (§ 2).	No provision.
	<i>Judgment:</i> By majority (tie vote constitutes affirmative).	"No cause shall be decided without the concurrence of at least three judges" (§ 16).	Decision only by concurrence of at least three (§ 20).	No provision.	No provision.
	<i>Right to Reargue:</i> By losing party before full seven judges, if tie vote or 3-2.	No provision.	No provision.	No provision.	No provision.
§ 15	<i>Judgments:</i> Final.	Same as (§ 15).	Same as (§ 20).	Same as (§ 2).	Same as (§ 56).
	<i>Opinions in writing</i> within 30 days.	3 month (§ 15).	3 month (§ 15).	In writing (no time fixed) (§ 2).	No provision.
	<i>Hearing of Case</i> in term when record transcribed.	Same as (§ 15).	No provision.	No provision.	No provision.
	<i>Lower Court Judge:</i> Disqualified to hear appeal of case he has tried.	Same as (§ 15).	Same as 1851, except no provision as to counsel in case (§ 7).	Judge may not sit if "interested" in case, related parties by consanguinity or affinity (degrees as provided by law), or where he was counsel in case. Governor to commission person to fill such temporary vacancy (§ 5).	No provision. 1804 (§ 5): Amendment. Judge who heard case in lower court disqualified.