Answer. Edward Hoye was register in 1866.

2nd Interrog. Did not Edward Hoye register William Browning, Thomas Browning and Walter Wilburn, as qualified voters, and were they not on the list handed you, as Judge by the register? Did you not know that their names being upon this list, constituted them qualified voters, and that the registration was conclusive on their right to vote. Did you ever see the opinion of the Court of Appeals in the

Answer. Mr. Hoye told me had registered W. Browning, Thomas Browning and Walter Wilburn, and their names were on the list handed me by the register. I did not know that being registered qualified them as voters, nor that it was conclusive evidence; to the best of my knowledge I never saw the opinion in the Baker case.

3rd Interrog. Did you not, previous to the election, determine not to allow William Browning, Thomas Browning and Walter Wilburn, to vote?

Answer Mr. Wilburn, previous to the election, asked me the question if I thought he'd get his vote if he went to the election; I told him that I thought not, as the evidence given in against him was sufficient to debar him from getting a vote: W. Wilburn came to the polls on the day of election and offered to vote, and it was rejected. I had also made up my mind that the evidence against both the Brownings, was sufficient to debar them from voting.

4th Interrog. What are your politics?

Answer. I am an Unconditional Union man.

By the Respondents:

1st Interrog. What was your authority for not thinking the appearance of the names of William Browning, Thomas Browning and Walter Wilburn, on the registration list, conclusive evidence of their right to vote?

Answer. I thought that the register in 1866, had no right to act upon their cases, my authority, section 15th of chapter 174 of the Laws of Maryland, 1865.

By the Contestants:

1st Interrog. You say in your opinion the officer of registration for 1866, had no right to put the name of any person on his registration book as a qualified voter, who had been registered on the original books in 1865, as disqualified under the 3d, 4th and 5th sections of Article 1st of the Constitution, without full legal proof that such disqualification had been removed in the manner prescribed in said sections in said Article of the Constitution; do you know or not that the disqualification entered against Wm. Browning, Thomas