He studied law while teaching and was admitted to the Bar. In 1898 he resigned as principal to devote his entire energies to the legal profession. In 1899 he was elected State's Attorney and served until 1903, when he was defeated for re-election. He was a vigorous prosecutor of all offences, especially violations of the liquor and oyster laws, and this fact, together with divisions in his party, brought about his defeat.

Mr. Harrington ranks high as a lawyer, his clientele being many of the most prominent citizens of the county and having a wide range.

He was appointed Insurance Commissioner in November, 1910, and was elected Comptroller in 1911 by a majority of about 7,800 votes.

Mr. Harrington was re-elected Comptroller of the Treasury in 1913 for a term of two years.

Mr. Harrington married Miss Gertrude, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William T. Johnson. They have three children, two sons and a daughter.

On November 2, 1915, he was elected Governor for a term of four years from the second Wednesday in January, 1916.

Governor-Elect: ALBERT C. RITCHIE (Democrat), Baltimore, Maryland.

Albert C. Ritchie was born August 29th, 1876. His father was the late Judge Albert Ritchie, of Baltimore, and his mother before her marriage was Miss Elizabeth Caskie Cabell, of Richmond, Va.

Mr. Ritchie received his early education in private schools of Baltimore, and graduated from the Johns Hopkins University in 1896 with the degree of A. B., and from the University of Maryland Law School in 1898 with the degree of L. L. B.

Upon his graduation, Mr. Ritchie began the practice of law in Baltimore City with the firm of Steele, Semmes, Carey and Bond, of which he became a member in 1900. In March, 1903, he was appointed Assistant City Solicitor of Baltimore City, and held this position until July 1, 1910, when he resigned in order to become Assistant General Counsel to the Public Service Commission of Maryland. He held that position until February 16, 1913, when he resigned in order to devote his entire time to private practice.