this Act, on account of any injury to or death of an employee caused by a self-inflicted injury, the wilful misconduct or the intoxication of such employee.

- SEC. 46. If it be established that the injured employee was of such age and experience when injured as that under the natural conditions his wages would be expected to increase, this fact may be considered in arriving at his average weekly wage.
- Sec. 47. A minor working at an age legally permitted under the laws of this State shall be deemed sui juris for the purposes of this Act, and no other person shall have any cause of action or right to compensation for any injury to such minor employee unless otherwise herein provided.
- SEC. 48. No compensation shall be allowed for two weeks after the injury is received except disbursements herein authorized for medical, nurse and hospital services and medicines, and for funeral expenses.
- SEC. 49. The benefits in case of death shall be paid to such one or more of the dependents of the decedent for the benefit of all the dependents as may be determined by the Commission, which may apportion the benefits among the dependents in such manner as it may deem just and equitable. The dependent or persons to whom benefits are paid shall apply the same to the use of the several beneficiaries thereof according to their respective claims upon the decedent for support, in compliance with the findings and direction of the Commission.
- SEC. 50. In every case providing for compensation to an employee or his dependent, excepting temporary disability, the Commission may, if in its opinion the facts and circumstances of the case warrant it, allow the compensation to be paid in a partial or total lump sum.
- SEC. 51. No money payable under this Act shall prior to issuance and delivery of the warrant or voucher therefor, be capable of being assigned, charged or taken in execution or attachment.
- SEC. 52. No employer or employee who are subject to the provisions of this Act shall exempt himself from the burden or waive the benefit of this Act by any contract, agreement, rule or regulation, and any such contract, agreement, rule or regulation shall be pro tanto void. No agreement by such employee to pay any portion of the premium paid by such employer shall be valid, and any employer who deducts any