

devoted most of his time to the duties of his office and the larger interests of the State. He made his home in the Executive Mansion. He visited every county in the State and in the particular interest which he took in educational work he officially visited the normal schools and all the high schools except two once or more. He represented the State on large public occasions in various parts of the country. Two expositions took place during his term as Governor. His address at St. Louis was quoted widely because of the historical showing it made for Maryland. At the Jamestown Exposition he participated in four of the most important days, making addresses on three of the occasions. His speech on Maryland Day was a discussion of the South's relation to the business of the country, and copies of it were distributed throughout the country, this being in addition to the prominent publication it received in the daily newspapers. Another speech which attracted wide attention was the one delivered by Governor Warfield before the Pittsburg Merchants and Manufacturers Association. Still another was the address at the Paul Jones ceremonies in Annapolis. Governor Warfield was the guest of the Maryland Society of Ohio at Springfield, at which meeting the Home Coming idea for Maryland was launched. The fruition of this project in October, 1907, culminating on Peggy Stewart Day, October 19th, gave Baltimore and Maryland one of the greatest weeks of celebration they had ever known, and attracted thousands of people from every part of the country, including many distinguished guests.

In Governor Warfield's administration the State House Annex Building was completed and the historical features of the old Senate Chamber were restored to its form and appearance at the time of the resignation of General Washington of his commission as Commander-in-Chief of the Continental Army; the work of restoring and preserving the historical facts and associations of the State Capitol was carried forward; the collection of historical documents was greatly advanced; the Maryland flags of the Union and the Confederate Armies were collected and stored to be guarded as heirlooms of the State; and the State Museum was established for the assembling of mementoes associated with the War of the Revolution and the earlier days of our State. To this Museum went many of the exhibits of the Maryland Building at the Jamestown Exposition, and it was Governor Warfield's suggestion that the exhibits at the Jamestown Exposition be made on lines that would benefit the permanent Museum at Annapolis.

In his inaugural address Governor Warfield recommended the passage of a stringent Corrupt Practices Act, and the need of this legislation he emphasized on every opportunity.