

judges, the highest judge, \$35,000 and our governor \$25,000. I urge you to pay the governor \$40,000.

THE CHAIRMAN: Are you ready for the question?

(Call for the question.)

The Clerk will ring the quorum bell.

The question arises on the adoption of Amendment No. 7 to Committee Recommendation GP-13.

A vote Aye is a vote in favor of Amendment No. 7. A vote No is a vote against.

Cast your vote.

Has every delegate voted? Does any delegate desire to change his vote?

(There was no response.)

The Clerk will record the vote.

There being 12 votes in the affirmative and 92 in the negative, the motion is lost. The amendment is rejected.

Are there any further amendments to Section 8?

Section 9? Section 10? Section 11? Section 12? Section 13?

(There was no response to these questions.)

Section 14?

Delegate Gleason, do you desire to offer your Amendment U?

DELEGATE GLEASON: Yes, I do.

THE CHAIRMAN: Pages will please distribute Amendment U, U for Uncle.

This will be Amendment No. 8.

The Clerk will read the amendment.

READING CLERK: Amendment No. 8 to Committee Recommendation GP-13 by Delegate Gleason: On pages 19 and 20 strike out all of section 14, Board of Public Works and Board of Review, comprising all of lines 44 through 50, inclusive, on page 19 and all of lines 1 through 10, inclusive, on page 20.

THE CHAIRMAN: The amendment is submitted by Delegate Gleason.

Is there a second?

(Whereupon, the motion was duly seconded.)

THE CHAIRMAN: Delegate Sollins seconds.

The Chair recognizes Delegate Gleason.

DELEGATE GLEASON: Mr. Chairman and fellow delegates, the schedule of legislation as it has been explained to all of us is supposed to contain provisions falling into two categories.

The first category, reading from the memorandum of the Committee, are those provisions which are included in prior constitutions, but not fully implemented by legislation, which this Convention is determined not to include in this constitution because they are not matters which should properly be dealt with, or because they are matter which should properly be dealt with by the General Assembly.

And secondly, are items of legislation necessary to implement the provisions of the new constitution which items are of a nature so essential that in the opinion of the Convention their enactment cannot await the action of the General Assembly. We have seen during the debate today a number of such instances.

Here we are dealing with a provision whereby the effect of our constitutional change is to abolish the Board of Public Works but under the section that we have just adopted in the transitional provisions, that Board does not go out of existence until January 6, 1971.

Now, that provides until the legislative year of 1968, 1969, 1970 for something to be done with respect to what we have provided in the constitution, and that is to establish a board of review.

Under section 4.24 of the executive article we provide a board of review. We provide who its members shall be and then we state that the board shall act in such manner and have such powers as the General Assembly may prescribe by law. So we leave it to the General Assembly to prescribe the powers that the new board of review is to have.

Now, let us take a look at what the transitional legislation is.

Section 14 states the following: "upon the termination of the legal existence of the Board of Public Works". Now, that as I recalled to you before, is January 6, 1971, when all of the powers and duties of the Board of Public Works shall be vested in the board of review. By this legislation we are transferring to the board of review all of the powers that are existing in the present Board of Public Works despite the fact that the constitutional provision states