

1 the Supreme Court there is the same story of the tre-
2 mendous financial outlays and the long and burdensome
3 struggle through the various procedural delays and
4 obstructions until the court makes a determination.

5 In the school cases, some Negro children have
6 never gotten to enjoy their Constitutional right, enun-
7 ciated in 1954 by the Supreme Court in the Brown case,
8 to a desegregated education, and so in the first place
9 this language we feel would be a mandate to the courts and
10 the General Assembly and give them guidance in elimina-
11 ting the long delays that Negro citizens in this state
12 have historically suffered when they seek to enjoy and to
13 have their Constitutional rights enforced.

14 I find that many of the delegates have no
15 understanding of this area because they do not come in
16 contact with it, and I would like to bring to the
17 attention of the delegates the report just issued in
18 October, 1967, via a joint survey conducted by the
19 United States Department of Labor and the United States
20 Department of Commerce.

21 They included Maryland in this survey. The