with a state high of 67 Senators in Minnesota, and
400 House members in New Hampshire.

As examples of other states, which have lesser Senate and House members than the 35-105 suggested by the committee, I refer you to the large State of California, with 40 Members in the Senate and 80 in the House, with Arkansas, with 35-100, Arizona, 30 and 60, Alaska, with 20 and 40, Colorado with 35 and 65, Hawaii with 25 and 51, Idaho with 35 and 70, Kentucky with 38 and 100, Nevada with 20 and 40, New Hampshire with 42 and 70, Oregon with 30 and 60, South Dakota with 35-75, Tennessee with 33-99, Utah with 28-69, Washington with 49-99, and Wyoming, with 30 and 61.

I might point out also that of these states, I am referring particularly to Ohio, and to Tennessee, that Ohio with 33 members in the Senate and 99 in the House has the three-to-one ratio which the committee recommends and Tennessee with 33 and 99 has the identical three-to-one ratio.

Now, it is true that if the figures of 35 and 105 are adopted, as is suggested by the committee, that it does