In arriving in effect at the maximum limitations of 35 Senators and 105 members of the House, the Committee in actuality settled on a compromise between 48, 48 Senators and 80 Members of the House of Delegates on the one hand, and 120 Delegates and 40 Senators on the other. The Committee heard great testimony, at great length, I should say, to the effect that the present legislature, particularly the House of Delegates, with 142 members, was too large and cumbersome and unwieldy to do an effective job of legislating.

If one recognizes that the really important committee work done in the General Assembly, in the House of Delegates in particular, is carried on in two major committees, the Ways and Means and the Judiciary, and if one recognizes that it is virtually impossible to have more than 34 or 35 members on each the House Ways and Means Committee and the Judiciary Committee, it becomes perfectly apparent that only about 70 members of the House of Delegates are being fruitfully and fully used to their full and utmost potential, and when one addresses one's self to a question of how large the House should be, recognizing this difficulty, and taking into consideration that perhaps the House could, if it so desired, amend the committee structure so as