

1 whom there is no means provided.

2 THE CHAIRMAN: Delegate Bamberger.

3 DELEGATE BAMBERGER: I am bothered then by how
4 it would apply to any appointed officer because my recol-
5 lection of the executive article is that the governor has
6 the right to remove all of those appointed officials. If
7 that is so, then I just think we might be more specific
8 and really pin this where we want to pin this which is on
9 elected state officials.

10 THE CHAIRMAN: Delegate Grant.

11 DELEGATE GRANT: It does apply to appointed
12 officers, remember there is a dichotomy, the power of
13 appointment carries with it the power of removal if it is
14 an appointment for an indefinite term. If it is for a
15 definite term, then it does not carry the implied power
16 of removal. Then you get into the situation he serves
17 at the pleasure of the appointed official then he may be
18 removed whether his term is definite or indefinite. In
19 the executive article we provide that the heads of the
20 executive department shall serve at the pleasure of the
21 government. For those 20 people the power of removal is
already implied in the Constitution. However, were some