

Sec. 36. Laws shall be passed by the General Assembly to protect from execution, a reasonable amount of property of a debtor, not exceeding in value the sum of five hundred dollars.

Sec. 37. The General Assembly shall provide a simple and uniform system of charges in the offices of Clerks of Courts and Registers of Wills in the counties of this State and the city of Baltimore, and for the collection thereof; provided, the amount of compensation to any of said officers shall not exceed the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars a year, over and above office expenses, and compensation to assistants; and provided further, that such compensation of Clerks, Registers, assistants and office expenses, shall always be paid out of the fees or receipts of the offices respectively.

Sec. 38. The House of Delegates shall have the sole power of impeachment in all cases, but a majority of all the members must concur in an impeachment; all impeachments shall be tried by the Senate, and when sitting for that purpose, the Senators shall be on oath or affirmation to do justice according to the law and evidence, but no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of all the Senators.

Sec. 39. The General Assembly shall pass laws to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the State's interest in the works of internal improvement, in which the State is either stockholder or creditor; and to appropriate the proceeds arising therefrom towards the payment of the public debt of the State; and after the public debt shall have been fully paid off, or the sinking fund shall be equal to its liquidation, to create out of said proceeds a permanent fund for the support of public education.

Sec. 40. The General Assembly shall pass no law, nor make any appropriation to compensate the masters or claimants of slaves emancipated from servitude by the adoption of this Constitution.

Sec. 41. No person shall be imprisoned for debt.

Sec. 42. The General Assembly shall grant no charter for banking purposes, or renew any banking corporation now in existence, except upon the condition that the stockholders shall be liable to the amount of their respective share or shares of stock in such banking institution subscribed for and not paid in, for all its debts and liabilities upon note, bill or otherwise. All banks shall be open to inspection of their books, papers and accounts under such regulations as may be prescribed by law.