

habitually engage in any avocation or employment in another county than that in which its certificate of incorporation is required to be and has been recorded, it may be sued either in the county where its certificate is recorded or in the county where it transacts business as aforesaid, whether before a justice of the peace or in a court of law or equity, and process shall be served upon such corporation in the same manner as provided herein in the case of trust and guarantee companies; and with the exception herein provided for all suits which shall hereafter be brought against any corporation which has been or may be incorporated under the general incorporation laws of this State shall be brought in the counties or City of Baltimore, as the case may be, in which the certificate of incorporation is required to be and has been recorded.

SEC. 2. *And be it enacted*, That this Act shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved March 1, 1900.

CHAPTER 22.

AN ACT to amend Article 27 of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland, title "Crimes and Punishments," by adding a new section thereto, to be known as Section 75A.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That Article 27, of the Code of Public General Laws of Maryland, title, "Crimes and Punishments," be and the same is hereby amended by the addition of the following new section, to be known as Section 75A.

Amended new
section added
Crimes and
Punishments.

75A. If any executor, administrator, guardian, committee, trustee, receiver or any other fiduciary shall fraudulently and wilfully appropriate to any use and purpose not in the due and lawful execution of his trust, any money or any other thing of value which may come into his hands as such executor, administrator, guardian, committee, trustee, receiver, or in any other fiduciary capacity, or secrete it with a fraudulent intent to appropriate it to such use or purpose, he shall be deemed guilty of embezzlement, and shall be punished upon conviction by imprisonment in the penitentiary for not less than one year nor more than five years.

Fraudulently
Appropriated.

Penalty.

Approved March 1, 1900.