

to the payment of salaries to the principal, professors and tutors of said college.

The private subscription for the establishment of the college, amounted at that time to \$32,000, and the above was the State's donation for its continued support.

It is important to observe that a resolution of 1832, provided that the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Delegates, and the Judges of the Court of Appeals should be ex-officio members of the Board of Visitors and Governors, thus formally confirming and acknowledging the institution to be the ward of the State.

After the civil war, during the progress of which the college buildings were occupied by the soldiers of the United States Army, and used as a hospital, the General Assembly of 1866, (chapter 101) in response to a memorial of the Board of Visitors, restored the annuity of \$3,000 granted in 1832, (No. 41), and appropriated \$12,000 per annum for five years from the first of June, 1868, for the continued support of the college.

The General Assembly of 1872, (chapter 393), renewed the appropriations for six years, and that of 1878 for two years.

The Legislature of 1880 discontinued the appropriation of \$12,000, which had originally been granted as an equitable satisfaction in part of the arrearages due the college under the original contract of the charter of 1784.

The Legislatures of 1890, 1892 and 1894, recognizing the just claims of the college, restored a portion of this original grant by appropriating the sum of \$6,000 as an annual payment to the college.

The Legislature of 1896 also granted a special donation of \$5,000 for improvements and repairs, which has been expended in building a steam power house, adding new bath rooms and in making general repairs.

The value of the college buildings and effects is estimated at \$250,000.

The following is a tabular statement of the students in attendance since the organization after the war, in 1866, and their classification: