

Art. 16. That sanguinary laws ought to be avoided as far as it is consistant with the safety of the State, and no law to inflict cruel and unusual pains and penalties ought to be made in any case or at any time hereafter.

Art. 17. That retrospective laws punishing acts committed before the existence of such laws and by them only declared criminal, are oppressive, unjust and incompatible with liberty, wherefore no *ex post facto* law ought to be made.

Art. 18. That no law to attaint particular persons of treason or felony ought to be made in any case or at any time hereafter.

Art. 19. That every man for any injury done to him in his person or property ought to have remedy by the course of the law of the land and ought to have justice and right, freely without sale, fully without any denial and speedily without delay, according to the law of the land.

Art. 20. That the trial of facts where they arise is one of the greatest securities of the lives, liberties and estate of the people.

Art. 21. That in all criminal prosecutions every man hath a right to be informed of the accusation against him ; to have a copy of the indictment or charge in due time, if required to prepare for his defence, to be allowed counsel, to be confronted with the witnesses against him, to have process for his witnesses, to examine the witnesses for and against him on oath and to a speedy trial by an impartial jury without whose unanimous consent he ought not to be found guilty.

Art. 22. That no man ought to be compelled to give evidence against himself in a criminal case.

Art. 23. That no man ought to be taken, or imprisoned, or disseized of his freehold, liberties, or privilèges, or outlawed, or exiled, or in any manner destroyed or deprived of his life, liberty or property, but by the judgment of his peers or by the law of the land.

Art. 24. Slavery shall not be permitted in this State.

Art. 25. That excessive bail ought not to be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel or unusal punishment inflicted by the courts of law.

Art. 26. That all warrants without oath or affirmation, to search suspected places, or to seize any person or property, are grievous and oppressive, and all general warrants to search suspected places or to apprehend suspected persons without naming or describing the place or the person in special are illegal and ought not to be granted.