ervation of such good Correspondence there would have been L. H. J. no Room for questioning whether those freedoms which you have taken in your Message of Octob^r the 27th by Col^o Mackall and five others was becoming you or no, for as it is a fundamentall Right inherent to both Houses of Debateing Approving or Rejecting whatsoever is propounded by the other House We could never have imagined that our not giving Directly into yo^r Measures (as to the Draught of the oath laid before us by M^r Attorney Generall) would have drawn upon us such p. 183 undeserved Calumnies as those of having Inverted the order and End of our office of consulting his L^{pps} pleasure more than his Intrest, and lastly of having neglected to give his L^{pp} the necessary advices upon the late addresses transmitted to him by your House

Certainly when you consider the thing you will have Just reason to acknowledge that such unhandsome Reflections have had no other foundation than Groundless Jealousies and the mere mistakes of yor House for to say nothing of the first two, which yet tend to a manifest breach of that Good Correspondency which ought always to Subsist between the two Houses, We may with a great Deal of Justice Complain that Impossibilities are made to be a part of our Duty.

Gentlemen. You must needs Confess that you forget yourselves Sometimes and give us room to believe that the precipitancy of your proceedings is the Naturall Result of your Zeal for the good of your Country which however, you are so Sanguine in the pursuit of that you never once considered whether the Address mention'd in your message ever came to our hands or no. We assure you it did not and that it remain'd a mistery to us untill the publication thereof in print, as to the Substance of it, altho' we had before been beholden to Common Fame for the Truth of the ffact.

We are Sorry to find the Lower House of Assembly so farr mistaken in Policy as well as in prudence of Governm^t as to believe we had fail'd in our Duty by postponing the Innovation which we found in the form of the oath to be advised on by the Lord Prop^{ry} who by the help of the best Lawyers in England might have been able to inform his Councill of State here whether such alteracon (which related only to that of the Kings Letter) might be consistent with his L^{pps} Charter which we are of opinion is of great Security both to the Liberty and the Rights of the people of this province. We leave it therefore to any Impartiall Judge upon due Recollection of the matter, Whether we have faild in our Duty, and not rather done the part of true patriots, as well as of faithfull Councillo^{rs} of State.