proper for the common Good; For we esteem it impracticable L. H. J. for his L^{pp} (a Stranger to the place at so Great a Distance from us) to be rightly advised of these things, but by your means and the Representations of us his faithfull Tenants: and since by a late Instruction from his L^{pp} it was easy to observe his L^{pp} had taken advice from some that were unacquainted, perhaps for want of yours, It seems strange that your Honours should propose the waiting for his L^{pps} Advice, instead of giving your advice to his Lpp in what is agreeable to our Constitution & publick Weal: This seems so far to invert the order and end of your office that we hope your Honours will not further insist on it as a Cause for deferring your concurrence in the point desired. For as we Esteem it no ways necessary for faithfull Councillors to know what will please their Prince before they give him their Advice (unless they seek his favour and consult his pleasure rather than his reall Interest) so we cannot think but it would be much to your own Satisfaction and for his Lpps Service to give your Advice the quickest Dispatches to him you possibly can to prevent his L^{dps} being further beholden to strangers to o' Constitution for want of your good offices to him.

We use our Endeavours, we can Sincerely say, to Cultivate & prserve a Good understanding with you for the Common Good, and we cannot Employ our Endeavours better than by using those freedoms with you that are necessary for the Common Good, and altho' you should think those freedoms unbecomeing us to use with you, who wear a Dignity in this State that Stiles you our Superiors; yet as we shall never prostitute plain dealing, to the Servile force of Compliment when our Countreys Good your Honour and our Duty require plainness, We shall rather Choose to bear your Censure if we incurr it, than be wanting in this part, and in pursuit of this Resolution we give you our thoughts that if your Honours had been free in Communicating to his Lpps your Sense of our Resolves in the year 1722 when they were Communicated to you, It might have Given his Ldp reason to have withstood the Importunities of those that forwarded the Instruction that caused our late Address. And if when your Honours were acquainted with our Address you had then appriz'd his Lpp of your thoughts upon it, they might probably have saved his L^{pp} the Labour of much Enquiry and have precaution'd him against Such further Steps as may be founded on the like advice to Strangers to our Constitution, the consequences of which we cannot guess at, but if they prove amiss your Honours must give your Country leave to lay them at your