

selfishness and indifference to the welfare of his people did much to render them hostile to the Proprietary government. He travelled on the Continent for some years, and produced two or three books of no value, which brought him a cut from the lash of Sterne, who satirises him as "Mundungus"—a name given to the poorest kind of tobacco. He died at Naples, September 14, 1771, without legitimate children. By his will he bequeathed the Province of Maryland to his illegitimate son, Henry Harford, a minor.

Cresap, Thomas. A native of Yorkshire, England, who settled in Western Maryland before 1742. He was skilled in woodcraft and Indian fighting, and took an active part in the border skirmishes between the Marylanders and Pennsylvanians. He was commissioned as captain of a militia company (riflemen) in 1754. He was also a skilful surveyor, and made the map of the sources of Potomac in the present volume (p. 72). Cresap is said to have lived to the age of 106.

De Lancey, James (1703-1760), Lieutenant-Governor of New York, 1753-1760.

Denny, W., Deputy-Governor of Pennsylvania, 1756-1759.

Dinwiddie, Robert (1693-1770). He was born in Scotland, and was for a time, it is believed, a merchant in Glasgow. Collector of Customs in Bermuda, 1727, and in 1738, Surveyor-General of Customs of the southern ports of America. In 1751 he was appointed Lieutenant-Governor of Virginia. He memorialised the British Government on the subject of the military designs of the French in the Ohio valley, and sent Washington (then major of militia) to remonstrate with the invaders, and afterwards, with a small force, to protect the settlers. Dinwiddie was very active, though with more zeal than military capacity, in the operations connected with, and following, Braddock's expedition. He was recalled, at his own request, in 1758, and died in England in 1770.

Fairfax, Thomas, sixth Baron Fairfax (1691-1781). His father, by his marriage with Catherine, daughter and heiress of Lord Culpeper, had succeeded to the title to a tract of over 5,000,000 acres in Virginia between the Rappahannock and the Potomac rivers, which had been granted by Charles II. to Lord Hopton and others. He settled in Virginia in 1745.

Fauquier, Francis (1720-1768), succeeded Dinwiddie as Lieutenant-Governor of Virginia in 1758.

Forbes, John (1710-1759). Brigadier-General in 1757, and Adjutant-General in the expedition against Louisbourg. In 1758 he commanded the expedition against Fort Du Quesne, which was abandoned by the French on November 24.

Fox, Henry (1705-1774). English Secretary at War 1746-1756, when he resigned the office to William Pitt. Created Baron Holland in 1763.

Haldimand, Sir Frederick (1718-1791). A native of Switzerland, entered the British army in 1754, came to America in 1757, and took part in the attack on Ticonderoga and the defence of Oswego.